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Moutrie's
Advertisement
below

The China Mail

ESTABLISHED 1845

August 21, 1922, Temperature 81.

Barometer 29.65

Rainfall 0.26 inch.

Humidity 91.

August 21, 1922, Temperature 78.

THE DOLLAR
DIRECTORY CO.
5 Wyndham St.
PUBLISHERS
OF
HONGKONG
DOLLAR
DIRECTORY
TELEPHONE HANDBOOK
Tel. No. 22.

No. 18 660

— 拜禮 —

號一廿月八年二十二百九千一英

HONGKONG,

MONDAY, AUGUST 21, 1922.

日九廿月六年壬戌一十國中

PRICE, \$3.00 Per Month.



On a hot summer's day

In a comfortable hammock, with a Victrola by your side playing your favorite music. That's the best way of resting your mind and body.

You can have many such days at home, or away with the Victrola.

S. MOUTRIE & CO., LTD.

Exclusive
Agents.



ONE WEEK ONLY

14th to 21st inclusive.

HAWTHORNE & PEARSON

LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S TAILORS
& BREECHES MAKERS

P. O. BOX 530. TEL. 2313.

Begin to announce that to introduce their new premises to the General Public they are prepared to sacrifice the whole of their existing Winter Stock of Lounge Suits at \$60 per suit.

ONE WEEK ONLY 14th to 21st inclusive.

2 Queen's Bldg., Ice House St.
Opposite Café Wiseman.

ECONOMY IN COAL.

Fuchsen Lamp Coal stands for economy in coal value. All lamp coals have a large percentage of dust which is practically waste. The dust in FUCHSEN Lamp burns into lamps as soon as they are cast into boilers. Fuchsen lamp coal burns brightly and is therefore a decided economy.

HING IP & CO.

Coal Merchants & Contractors, 31, Queen's Road Central, Tel. 500. Cable address "Hindrance". Sole Agents for Fuchsen Coal. We stock in our godowns 13 grades of other Fuchsen Coal.

The NEW EDISON

"The Phonograph with a Soul"

EDISON MUSIC STORE 1st Floor, Powell's Building

We are manufacturers of
Felt Hats, Straw Hats,
Linen Hats, Topcoats, etc.



Manufactured in
HONGKONG
by the

NAM YUET HAT FACTORY,

22-23, Shaukiwan Road.

MEE WAH KNITTING & DYEING CO.

General Knitter & Dyers.
Manufacturers of Woolen Singlets, Jerseys, Sweaters & all kinds of Underwear.
No. 16-18, Causeway Bay. Telephone 1301.
Manager: YUENG FORWAN.

DONNELLY & WHYTE

WINE MERCHANTS.

THE INTERNATIONAL SHIRT CO.

Head Office: 79, Wyndham Street, 2nd Floor.
(Opposite Central Police Station.) Tel. 4166.

Dealers in all kinds of High-class Silk Shirts, Collars, Neckties and Pyjamas for Gentlemen AND ALSO Chemises, Shirts, Waistcoats, Scarfs, Vests, and Night-gowns for Ladies ALSO MADE TO ORDER MODERATE PRICES PROMPT DELIVERY Manager: EMILIO RAY.

TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

ENVER PASHA

IS HE DEAD?

BERLIN, August 20.
With reference to the report of Enver Pasha's death the newspapers publish a statement from Moscow that he was killed in the fighting near Novopetrovsk in the West Caspian, but it is rumoured in Moscow that he was assassinated by bolshevik emissaries. Meanwhile his death is still unconfirmed. Enver's wife, who is living at Tierlin with their three children, has no news of his death apart from what has appeared in the press.

CH. R. A. BANO OVERTURNS

EIGHT PEOPLE KILLED.

LONDON, August 20.
Eight people were killed by the overturning of a char-a-banc near Hastings. Several of the victims were thrown into a ditch into which they were pinned by the char-a-banc.

ANOTHER GLIDER FEAT.

BERLIN, August 20.
A pilot manoeuvred a motorless glider on the Rhoen Mountains for over two hours.

COOL WORK.

A PAWNSHOP ROBBERY.

That he let in a gang of robbers and helped them to rob his master's establishment was the accusation levelled against a pawnshop folk before the Acting Paines Judge (Mr. J. R. Wood) at the Criminal Sessions today.

Evidence was given that the prisoner had been employed in the shop for about four months when one night some friends called to see him. While he was entertaining them they produced revolvers and took charge of the shop. The other folk were secured and, in leisurely fashion, taking some hours over the job, the intruders ransacked the shop. After that they had something to eat and a short rest and then went off, taking away over \$10,000 worth of jewellery. The prisoner went with them and was some time later arrested in Can-

ton. The case is proceeding.

SIMPLE LIFE FOR SCHOOLGIRLS.

ONLY ONE PARTY A NIGHT.

Members of the Parents' League of Brooklyn have decided to take a hand in the social life of school boys and girls between the ages of 15 and 18 years by promulgating certain edicts calculated to counteract the flapper invasion into the life of young girls. League members will see that these "blue laws" for the young are enforced in their own families and will also try to extend the movement to other Brooklyn homes.

Here are the rules for flappers:

1. Hours for evening parties are limited from 8.30 to 12. It's curfew after midnight.
 2. Parties are to be held only on Friday and Saturday nights.
 3. Simple, refined clothes are to be worn at all times.
 4. Chaperones must be present at all parties.
 5. Chaperones will accompany the girls home.
 6. Censorship over the plays and movies to be attended.
 7. Improper dancing forbidden.
 8. No refreshments served after dances.
 9. Not more than one party to be attended on the same evening.
- Here are the rules which both boys and girls in Brooklyn must observe:
1. Entertain in small groups.
 2. Serve very simple refreshments at parties.
 3. All games must be supervised.
 4. Use simple favours and no prizes.
 5. Parties must end at 8.30 p.m.
 6. Simple afternoon dress is to be worn on all occasions.
 7. No movies or theatres except those recommended by the school or investigated and approved by parents.

WOMAN WEIGHS 25 STONE.

When Mrs. E. Cohen, aged 44, of Ashton-on-Mersey, was buried recently a motor-lorry had to be used instead of a hearse on account of the woman's weight. She weighed 25st. This recalls the case of other women noted for their excess of adiposity. Miss Nellie Lambert, great-granddaughter of the famous Daniel, weighed 40st. when she married in 1918. At Bristol in 1920 the death occurred of a woman known professionally as "Lovely Lucy Moore," who weighed 24st.

LITTLE DROPS OF WATER.

LEAD TO SERIOUS CHARGE.

A row which had its genesis in the water shortage and began in a Japanese curio shop along the Praya East on July 14, was investigated at the Criminal Sessions today when U Lam Ching, a young Chinese, dressed European fashion, was charged before the Chief Justice (Sir William Rees Davies) with manslaughter.

From the evidence it appeared that there was a fight between two men on the third floor of the curio shop along the Praya East and two on the ground floor. It was doubtful who began the argument but it seemed fairly certain that it arose over the water supply. There were angry words about the quality of the water available for the third floor and someone threw a bucket of water down on to the first floor.

The case is proceeding.

ROBBED AND STRIPPED.

BOILERMAKER'S BAD LUCK.

Three years with hard labour was the sentence awarded by the acting Paines Judge (Mr. J. R. Wood) to a Chinese who was pronounced guilty by a jury at the Criminal Sessions on a charge of having been concerned in a gang robbery.

The Crown case, as outlined by the Crown Solicitor (Mr. H. K. Holmes) to the jury was that on June 3 a boilermaker was returning to the docks at Hapsham from a village near Shatin. Walking along by the railway line near Yau-mat he met two men who set upon him and were presently joined by a third who came out from the hillside. The boilermaker was carrying a bundle which contained some clothes and also some dumplings. The robbers took this and then stripped him of his coat and trousers and took off the shoes from his feet. They ran away towards Yau-mat and about three weeks later the prisoner was arrested at Yau-mat on suspicion and identified by the boilermaker as one of the robbers.

The accused said he did not commit the robbery and knew nothing about it.

LAST FRIEND ON EARTH.

"The policeman's kindness was probably the last man received on this earth," said the Eastbourne coroner at an inquest on Francis O'Neill, of Hulme, Manchester, who was found dead in the bottom of the cliff.

EARL'S SECRET ROMANCE.

GRANDSON'S CLAIM TO £160,000.

The secret romance of the late Earl of Shrewsbury—his attachment for a young woman "pale," to whom he was attracted by her love of sport—was revealed in the Probate Court last month before Sir Henry Duke, the president, and a special jury. The Earl died in May 1921, and the plaintiff, Mr. L. W. McLeod, solicitor, propounded the disputed will dated September 24th, 1920. The defendant, John George Charles Alexander Chetwynd (7) Earl of Shrewsbury and grandson of the late Earl (who appeared by his guardian, the Marquess of Anglesey) alleged that the will was not duly executed, that testator did not know and approve its contents, that at the time he was not of sound mind, and that the execution of the will was obtained by the fraud of Mrs. Brownlee, his lady in waiting.

Whyte Hughes Browne, Esq., led in the case. The gross value of the estate was £220,000 and the net value £160,000. The present Earl is the son of the late Viscount Ingestre.

Mr. Priestly, K.C. for the executory said that by the will of September 24, 1920, the Earl revoked all former wills, and gave Mrs. Brownlee his leasehold house in Portland Place. Counsel said that the Earl separated from his wife in 1896, and it was not till March, 1908, that he made Mrs. Brownlee's acquaintance. She was then 20. They were mutually attracted to each other by a love of sport. Unfortunately he was unable to marry her. As that was not possible they lived together as man and wife. In 1921 he bought land at Goring-on-Thames, and built a charming residence on the river undoubtedly with the idea that the house was to pass to Mrs. Brownlee on his death.

In June 1918 being then a major in the Army, he went into hospital for an operation and a codicil was then made by him giving Mrs. Brownlee certain jewellery, including a black pearl necklace and some diamond enamel buckles. He also made a gift of some horses to Mrs. Brownlee.

In 1917 there was an unpleasant incident between Lady Ingestre and Lady Shrewsbury. It began by a letter sent by Lady Ingestre in July in which she wrote:—

"Dear Mumsie, I should like to say that in the first place the children do not require your pity, they are my children and I am their sole guardian, and I have no wish for them to be with anyone who is unkind to and about me, and as for the American as you call him, you need have no fear that he will be brought into the Shrewsbury family—my one wish is to get out of it. I think the time has come now to be independent of them."

Just great!—for Golf and Walking.

PHILLIPS RUBBERS

"PRESIDENT" Soles and Heels are light and irreplaceable in wear.
"BIRMINGHAM" Soles and Heels are heavier and stronger for rough wear.

WE NOW HAVE A STOCK OF THESE IN ALL SIZES.

MACKINTOSH & CO., LTD.

Men's Wear Specialists.

Alexandra Building.

Des Voeux Road.

COCKROACHES are a constant danger to you—they spread dangerous diseases by contaminating your food. Rid your home of them.

BEEFLE VIRUS will do it.

It is efficient and simple to use—try a tin.

Price 70 cents.

SOLD BY

THE PHARMACY

22 Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

NIAGARA FALLS CANDY

Operated by the On Lok Yuen Co., Ltd.
29-31, Des Voeux Road Central.

IT'S A BRICK!

YES A BRICK ICE CREAM.

PACKED TO YOUR HOME WITHOUT MELTING.

FOR SUMMER PARTIES, PICNICS AND OUTINGS THERE IS NO BETTER OR MORE CONVENIENT REFRESHER THAN THE BRICK ICE CREAM.

Order through telephones—Our number is 1022 and we will send you a Brick Ice Cream.

"HIGHLAND QUEEN"

Macdonald & Muir
SCOTCH WHISKY

"HIGHLAND QUEEN"
(10 YEARS OLD)



The perfection of quality

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EXPORTERS AND IMPORTERS
207 to 225 Des Voeux Road, Central
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THE YUEN WO STORE.

Harbour Repairs.

Engineering & Building Contractors, General Repairs & Shipchangers
Office No. 33, Tung Man Street, Phone 2580,
Workshop, Canton Road, Kowloon, Phone K. 731.
Prop. T. I. LEUNG. Manager K. C. LEUNG.

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FROM

ERVEN LUCAS BOLS.

CALDERON, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.

15, Queen's Road Central.

Tel. 75.

"PHILIPS"

A PHILIPS LAMP
IS A PERMANENT
ECONOMY

Philips Lamp Co.
Hong Kong

LAMMERT BROS.AUCTIONEERS, APPRAISERS
AND SURVEYORS.**Public Auctions**

The undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

ON

FRIDAY, Aug. 25, 1922.

at 12 o'clock (noon)

at their Sales Rooms, Duddell Street,

The Twin Screw Tonnol Steam

Motor Launch "Enrica"

(built of steel)

Length overall 60' 0"

Breadth moulded 11' 6"

Depth moulded 3' 6"

Draft 18' to 19'

D. W. capacity on above draft 3 tons

Speed 8 1/2 knots

Engines—Twin set "Kelvin" Motors

each 30 H. P.

Installed with Electric light

On view at Cheong Lee's yard

(Shaukiann)

For further particulars and inspection

orders apply to

LAMMERT BROS.,
Auctioneers

ON

FRIDAY, August 25, 1922.

at 12 o'clock (noon),

at their Sales Rooms, Duddell Street.

The Motorboat "Kellang"

(built of teak)

Length overall 28'

Breadth 7'

Draft (approx) 18"

Fitted with Paraffin Motor

On view off Ab King's Slipway

(Causeway Bay).

For further particulars and inspection

orders apply to

LAMMERT BROS.,
Auctioneers.**EARLIER TELEGRAMS.**

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

THE BOXER INDEMNITIES AND EDUCATION.

LONDON, August 19th.

In a letter in the *Times* replying to the letter of Mr. Robert Lim, who signed himself Acting Chairman of the Union of Chinese Students in Great Britain and Ireland, (published on the 11th inst.) Mr. J. O. Bland declares that a very brief visit to Peking or Canton will dispel the illusion that the methods of Government in China to-day depend entirely on educational antecedents of officials and asked: "Do Sun Yat Sen's methods of Government reflect the results of his British education?" Are not all the political activities of the most prominent representatives of foreign education—those of C. C. Wu and Wellington Koo just as much as those of Marshal Tiao or Tung Shiao Yi—essentially and necessarily Oriental in cause and effect so soon as they are exercised on Chinese soil? Can anyone deny that until now the education of China's intelligentsia abroad has only served to increase the confusion and unrest inevitably resulting from a rapidly changing environment?

Mr. Bland declares that however good may be the intentions of those interested in increasing the number of Chinese students in England there is no getting over the significant fact that the principal object of the active propaganda of the semi-official, and chiefly Cantonese, section of Young China since 1918 has been to secure the renunciation of the Boxer indemnities, and thus provide the Government which it aspires to control with increased financial resources.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

THE GREAT NORTHERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY, LTD.

The following unclaimed telegrams are lying at the office of The Great Northern Telegraph Company (Limited):—

Mitsui from Shanghai.

Kurehiki, Nihonsei, Nihonsei

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INTIMATIONSJUST RECEIVED
BUTTONSSpecial Collection of
VEGETABLE and FLOWER
SEEDS

arranged for

HONGKONG

at \$10, \$3, \$5 and \$3 per tin.

GRACA & CO.,

Dealers in Garden Seeds, Postage

Stamps, Artistic Post Cards,

Toys, &c.

No. 10, Wyndham Street,

P. O. Box 520. Hongkong

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SHOEMAKERS.

(Japanese Hand Made)

Every kind of Footwear.

MADE TO ORDER.

**CHERRY & CO.,**

8, D'AUJILLARD STREET,

(opposite Karamally & Co.)

Telephone No. 491

Hongkong, March 20, 1914.

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JAPANESE MASSAGE.

N. AKAI,

Graduate of Tokio Massage School,

From 10.30 a.m. to 6 p.m.

No. 2, Queen's Road Central,

2nd Floor.

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MASSAGE.

Mrs. HONDA, Mrs. KISAKI and

R. SHIMIZU,

No. 24, Wyndham Street,

(opposite to the "China Mail")

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DEWAR'S "WHITE LABEL" SCOTCH WHISKY

still maintains its pre-war world-wide reputation—
high quality—real age, and fine flavor.

Sole Agents:
A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.
Alexandra Building. Phone 616.

Wm. Powell Ltd.
TELEPHONE 3871

FURNITURE.

There is a lasting quality in good design
as well as in good construction. When good
design and good construction are combined,
with good material you get furniture
which creates and sustains good reputation.
Our aim is to make such furniture.

BIRTHS.

PEPLOW.—On August 11, 1922 at
Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. W.
Peplow, a son.
SEQUEIRA.—On August 14 at
Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs.
Cand do S. Sequeira, a daughter.
LEBAS.—On August 11, at Shanghai
to Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Lebas,
a son.
ALLAN.—On August 15 at Shanghai
to Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Allan,
a son.

MARRIAGE.

GILSON.—VANCORBACK.—On
August 15, at Shanghai, Charles
Stanley Gilson to Alice Bendalicia
Van Corback.

DEATHS.

OLDFIELD.—On August 4, 1922, at
Melbourne, Australia, Frank
Oldfield, 62 years. (By cable).

The China Mail

"TRUTH, JUSTICE, PUBLIC SERVICE"
HONGKONG, MONDAY, AUG. 21, 1922.

INQUEST.

When the Registration of Persons
Bill died (a glorious death) we were
prepared to certify that death was
due to natural causes, and we certainly
had no thought of demanding an
inquest. The statements of the Hon.
Mr. A. G. M. Fletcher, however, to a
Telegraph interviewer, compel us to
take notice of them. They compel us
to point out that in a small and com-
pact community like ours, in a matter
so vitally important to us all, this
has to be the first official mention the
public has had of an "Essential Ser-
vices Committee." It wasn't gazetted.
It wasn't notified to the newspapers.
Essential public services were to be
safeguarded by an Essential Services
Committee of which the public was
deprived of essential information.
Hole and corner is the right name
for it, yet Mr. Fletcher has the nerve
to say (as reported) that "it was a
representative Committee." Because
it was a representative committee,
the Government adopted its
suggestions. Let us contemplate in
all seriousness (without the hysterical
giggles that Mr. Fletcher's naive
claim really tends to provoke) the

representatives of this repre-
sentative committee, which was
however representative in degree
we may find it, a secret
committee, an unappointed com-
mittee, an unappointed committee,
an unappointed committee, a committee
working privately in a corner. It
consisted (the historian will require to
recall this) of
Two representatives of the Govern-
ment.
Two representatives of the com-
mercial community.
One representative of the Army.
One representative of the Navy.
On the face of it, it was a six-fold re-
presentative. But who selected it?
Who elected it? Is there no com-
munity outside those entitled to re-
presentation? Just think of it! Two
government officials, one army officer,
one naval officer, and with them the
Hon. Mr. A. G. Stephen
Mr. G. T. Edkins.
C. I. that a properly representative
committee, when the constitutional
liberties of Britons were at stake?
What could Messrs. Stephen and
Edkins have done, outnumbered two
to one, even if we assume that they
might have realized the gravity of the
issue, and the sacredness of the
principle that was threatened? Mr.
Fletcher would have been wiser to
leave the matter where Mr. Severn
left it. We are glad that he did not,
because it is an eye-opener that should
be useful. If that is Mr. Fletcher's
idea of a representative committee,
he must reconsider it. If that remains
his idea of representation, we
shall never be able to trust him. We
find him, in the same interview,
strangely obtuse and strangely
excusatory. "The only new matter
in the Bill," he argued, "was the
compulsory calling for qualifications;
the rest of the Bill was a re-enactment
of the existing law regarding
registration." He had previously
reminded us, still as an argument in
favour of it, that the "existing law"
was a war measure. Now, even if we
ignore the quaintness of the first
clause (that the only new thing in the
Bill was the knife) we must
earnestly ask what sort of
representative officialdom it is which
wants war measures re-enacted in time
of peace, years after the war that
made them possible. Even if we
waive that also, we must note the
calm and unshocked tone of his phrase
mentioning "the more drastic
provisions." The soldier and the
sailor would not be shocked by them,
for drastic provisions are army and
navy fashion. They never worry
about the sentiments of private

soldiers and sailors. A British
civilian, however, has feelings and
sentiments entitled to respect. The
usual tone of Mr. Fletcher seems to
show that he does not respect them.
He will need watching in future.
Watch him. A man who can plead
for a Bill that has been dropped as
obnoxious to the public, who can claim
that it was originated by a
"representative" committee when it
was what we now see it was, who can
lightly excuse the prime wickedness of
the proposal because it was "the only
new matter" in the text, who can
speak of the outrageously Hummel
details as merely "drastic provisions,"
and who can still persist in affirming
that the Bill was not intended to do
the only possible thing it could have
been designed to do, certainly needs
to be watched.

Meanwhile, as practical politics, and
encouraged by the small success we
have had, we now demand in the name
of our constitutional British rights and
principles, and on behalf of the vast
number of citizens who resent it, the
repeal of the existing Registration
law, admittedly an emergency war
measure, and only tolerated and
acquiesced in by true Britons as
such. Let us get back to normal. It
is no longer necessary to fight Prussia
with Prussianism. It is now possible
to govern British with Britishism.
Repeal the Registration Ordinance.
Respectfully, but firmly, we demand
it.

POLICE REPORTS.

Sergeant Stimson had stolen from
his quarters at the Central Police
Station some time between the 17th
and 19th inst., money and jewellery
worth \$205.

Mr. Mackintosh, Chief officer of the
s.s. "Halward," reports the theft from
his cabin, during his absence,
soon after 8 a.m., on Saturday,
of a watch and a pair
of binoculars worth \$55, and \$21 in
cash.

Mr. W. J. Smith of the Cosmopo-
litan Dock left his motor cycle No.
274, worth \$900 in the sculler at the
Star Ferry wharf, Kowloon, at 3.15 on
Saturday afternoon, and when he re-
turned for it, it was gone.

Mr. Thompson of the Dairy Farm,
Pokfulam, lost jewellery worth \$120,
a pair of shoes and \$40 in cash from
his bedroom during Saturday night.

Burglars entered No. 24, Hauwo
Street by forcing open the roof door
and stole clothing worth \$53, the prop-
erty of Mr. Lam Kwai-sang, a resident
bank manager.

Mr. G. Swedner of No. 1, Orient
Building, Kowloon, lost from his
bedroom on the first floor, a pair of
spectacles and a raincoat worth
together \$10.

The master of the Kam Lun-Cheung
Import and Export firm of No. 14,
Hillyer Street, entrusted his safe-
keeper, Cheung So, with the safe-
keeping of the 17th and 18th
instant while he went to the
country. When he returned on Fri-
day he discovered that Cheung had
absconded with \$6,148 belonging to
the firm.

Mr. Nuland of the Texas Oil Com-
pany, Queen's Building, had stolen
from the office between Saturday and
Sunday, a quantity of clothing and
other sundry property worth \$120.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Captain Neville A.D.C. is back in
Hongkong from a holiday in North
China.

Mrs. Claxton, wife of the
Director of the Hongkong Observa-
tory, was a passenger for home by the
"Kamo Maru" on Saturday.

During the 48 hours ended yes-
terday only one case of infectious
disease was notified. This was an
Indian who got enteric fever.

Captain Bristow of the R.G.A.,
who is entering the Artillery College
at Woolwich left for home on Sat-
urday with Mrs. Bristow by the "Kamo
Maru."

An interim dividend of \$4 per
share is to be paid on October 11 to
all shareholders on the Hongkong and
Whampoa Dock Coy. Ltd.'s register at
September 30.

Sixteen fishermen were fined at
the Marine Court this morning for
fishing with incandescent lights out-
side Lyemun. They were regarded
as a danger to navigation.

The G.P. s.s. "Empress" of
Australia, which was due to arrive in
Hongkong this morning, was delayed
a day in Manila, and will not arrive
until tomorrow morning, at 8 o'clock.

Mr. J. D. Evans, who for two
years has been in charge of the
shipping and insurance department of
the Yokohama office of Messrs. Jardine
Matheson & Co., has been transferred
to Hongkong.

THE WATER SHORTAGE.

AN OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

The following official statement on
the water shortage question has been
forwarded to us by the colonial
Secretary.

The Government has been request-
ed by the representatives of the
Chinese Community to publish a
statement regarding the restriction of
the water supply in the rider-main
districts.

The capacity of the reservoirs in
the Island of Hongkong is 2109
million gallons, and they now contain
892 million gallons. In the normal
season the reservoirs are full at the
end of September, and, provided that
the following season is also normal,
it is possible to give an unrestricted
service throughout the dry months of
the year and until the reservoirs are
again filled.

In the present wet season there has
been an abnormally low rainfall, and
it is almost certain, judging by
statistics of previous years, that the
reservoirs will be a long way below
overflow when the dry season sets in.

In Kowloon Chinese tenement
houses have no water service, and
supplies are fetched from the street
fountains. In Victoria Chinese tenement
houses are connected with the
rider-main, and in times of full service
an unlimited amount of water can
be drawn off without meter or other
check. Consequently the City of
Victoria uses some 23 to 24 gallons
per head per day against approxi-
mately 12½ gallons in Kowloon.

In 1902 it was arranged, in order to
prevent waste of water, that Chinese
tenement houses of Victoria should
be disconnected from the water
supply, after the precedent of Kow-
loon; but in consequence of a peti-
tion by the Chinese this proposal was
abandoned in favour of the rider-main
system. The purpose of the system
is to prevent waste, which object is
attained in times of shortage by
curtailing the supply of water from
the principal mains into the rider-
mains.

At the present time water enters
the rider-mains for a period of two
hours in every twenty-four, and the
representatives of the Chinese Com-
munity have urged that this period
should be extended. The Govern-
ment regrets that it is impos-
sible to make any concession in
this respect. With the rider mains
open for two hours daily the con-
sumption amounts to 16 to 18 gallons
per head, a figure considerably higher
than that of normal consumption in
Kowloon; and unless the situation
improves greatly before October, it
will be necessary to take more drastic
steps further to curtail the supply.

The representatives of the Chinese
Community drew attention to the point
that an unrestricted supply is main-
tained outside the rider-main districts.
The Government is entirely in sym-
pathy with the principle that there
should be no discrimination in this
matter, but the system of waterworks
is such that it is extremely difficult
to give an intermittent supply from the
principal mains. The Island rises
very steeply from the sea, and when
once the principal mains are empty it
would be impossible to fill them again
except at a very low rate. The sud-
den turning on of any head of water
would have the effect of a hydraulic
ram and would burst the pipes; while,
if the water were allowed to dribble in
at a safe rate, it would all be drawn
off on the lowest levels and houses
higher up would get no water. The
pressure in the principal mains is used
to pump water to the highest levels in
the City, and such pumping must
cease if the mains are emptied. There
is the further consideration that for
purposes of dealing with a fire it
would take many hours to obtain a
sufficient pressure in the mains. It
may be mentioned that in Kow-
loon where the ground is comparative-
ly flat, the supply is curtailed for all
alike.

It was agreed that steps should be
taken to control the queues at the
street fountains. Police will be put
on duty with instructions to see that
each is served in turn, with special at-
tention to women and children, and
no one person will be allowed to take
at one time more water than the
equivalent of two kerocene tins full.

TYPHOON WARNING.

The telegram quoted below was
received by the American Consulate
General, Hongkong, from the Manila
Observatory at 9.00 a.m. August 21,
1922:—

Warning, depression northern part
China Sea advancing westward.

FOR A WEEK STOMACH.

As a general rule all you need to do
is to adopt a diet suited to your age and
occupation and to keep your bowels
regular. When you feel that you have
eaten too much and when constipation
takes one of Chamberlain's Tablets. For
sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

HOW TO LEARN TO SWIM.

(Although this article) written by
Mr. A. E. Dome, physical director of
the Y.M.C.A., has already appeared
in the local press, we republish it
because we feel it should be given
as much publicity as possible.)

Take a trip, if you will, to the
bathing beaches around Hongkong
and the well known places in the
nearby islands; the places patronized
by the majority are, Repulse Bay,
Big Wave Bay, Clear Water Bay,
C.R.C., North Point, Kennedy Town,
Stone Cutters, Castle Peak and
Cheung Chow. If one were to take a
census of the swimmers who frequent
all of these places he would probably
find about ten thousand. Just think,
ten thousand out of a possible 600,000
or more! The question is, why are
there not more swimmers? The
answer is, "the spirit is willing but
the flesh is weak," gladly would they
all splash in the water or get out
where they can feel the swell, or
have loads of fun with a water polo
ball, but, alas! they cannot swim.
They are afraid of the water!

In view of the crying need of an
easy way to learn to swim, one which
abolishes all fear of the water, one
which applies to all men, women and
children alike, the writer presents the
following method by which more
than a thousand in Hongkong have
been taught in the past two months
and many hundreds more in past
years.

Working upon the principle that
all non-swimmers are afraid of the
water, we first should set about to
abolish this fear and to establish con-
fidence in yourself and in the ability
of the water to do its part. One can
learn the essentials of swimming with
only a washbasin and room enough to
fling the arms and legs about. You
cannot get rid of the fear of the water
unless you get in it, feel it, be covered
with it, and at times even drink it. A
child when it first sees a dog, is very
afraid of it and usually cries through
fear. But let him put the dog, or
hold it, and immediately all fear of
the animal is gone. The same analogy
holds true for water; when once you
have learned that you can keep your
eyes open under water without
drowning them, and that by taking a
big breath, putting the face in the
water and then stretching out, that
you will float—well, the rest of it is
easy.

LESSON I.

So the very first thing you should
do is to get out in the water to a
little above the hips, place the hands
on the knees and then after taking a
big breath through the mouth slowly
put the face into the water. Now
take it out again and without raising
the head let the water run off the face,
do not touch it with the hands!
Repeat several times and then rest a
bit to relieve your tense muscles.
There is no doubt that they will be
tense. One of the most important
things in swimming is relaxation; so
begin right now and relax; take it
easy! Always face the shore in learn-
ing to swim.

With your hands on your knees as
before, take a big breath, lower the
head into the water and open the eyes.
Look around for a few seconds and
see if you can see any white shells or
your toes. Raise the head and let the
water run off the face with the eyes
open. Repeat several times, until you
know that you have no fear of open-
ing the eyes or having the face in the
water. Now with the face in the
water and the eyes open, take the
hands off the knees and try to pick up
a white shell or touch your toes. Im-
mediately, if you are thinking, then
comes to you, "the sense of the buoy-
ancy of the water." This should be
followed up by a few simple
tests so as to eliminate all
fear of the inability of the
water to support you if you only
let it. The first test is the "turtle
float." After putting the face in the
water and opening the eyes, slowly
draw the legs up underneath you; to
your amazement you find that you
do float. This should be done with-
out a jump, because jumping will
make your body sink below the
surface and before it has time to come
back to the surface, you begin to
think you are lost and let loose of your
legs. Test number two, and last is
simply stretching out straight with
your arms out in front, shoulder width
apart and the legs straight and feet
together. It is understood that the
face must be in the water all the time
and a big breath taken beforehand.

After gaining confidence in the
buoyancy of the water the main object
of the first lesson comes to hand, that
is, the "dead man's float." A
drowned man floats face downward.
They say it is because he is ashamed
of himself. The "dead man's float"
is lying stretched out on the water,
with the head in the water and be-
tween the outstretched arms, feet
together and body all in a straight
line. Practise the "float" by crouching
down until the water is up to your
shoulders, then take a big breath put
the face in the water and push off from
the bottom. You will find that you
can coast fifteen feet with very little
effort. Be sure to push in the line

with the water and not up in the air
because you will come down flat and
not coast at all. Practise, practise,
practise on this until you do not care
if you sink or not. Do it with mus-
cles relaxed, eyes open and a good straight
position in the water. When the
"dead man's float" is learned there is
nothing to the rest. You have
abolished all fear of the water by be-
coming thoroughly acquainted with it.
We generally say a person ought
to learn by this method, in three
lessons, so if you have learned the
"float" the first day it is bet-
ter to leave well enough alone and
save lesson two for the next time
when you may not be so tired.

LESSON II.

Lesson two begins where Lesson
one leaves off, that is, at the "dead
man's float." Lesson two takes up
the arm movement and before you
attempt it in the water it should be
thoroughly mastered on land.

Your trip to the different beaches
would reveal to you that most of the
swimmers around here use the breast
and side strokes. The breast stroke
is a horrid one. You have to swim
around with your head cocked back
while you strain the life out of the
muscles in the neck. Your legs are
stretched all over the place as you
try to imitate that difficult kick of
the frogs. Your arms are pulled out
to the sides making everyone give
way to you and greater of all curses,
the resistance as presented by the
chest and thighs is enough to sap any-
one's strength if he tries to get any-
where. Taken altogether it is the
most difficult of strokes, it is not at
all natural, it is extremely slow and
awkward. To try to teach a beginner
the breast stroke is a crime. No
wonder it takes some of you so long
to swim. The most harmful thing
you can do to a person learning to
swim is to support them in the water.
It gives them a false sense of support
and this is equally true of water wing
and brogs. They will learn a thou-
sand times faster without any support
whatever if they are taught the right
method and that is the "dead man's
float," first.

The side stroke is more valuable
than the breast stroke because it is
more comfortable, is faster and is a
valuable asset in life-saving. The
scissors kick, while rather difficult to
get it perfect, should be learned by all
swimmers. But both the breast stroke
and side stroke are hard to learn
than the "crawl," and as our object
is to teach the beginner in as short a
time as possible, we will forget them
now and simply suggest that after
you have learned to swim you can
learn the other strokes. They will
come a thousand times easier
after you have learned the principles
of swimming.

Coming back to the arm stroke on
land or land drill. The preliminary
movement is similar to the movement
of the windmill. We will try the
stroke with one arm first and then
with both. Bend at the waist and
place the left hand on the knee and the
right hand stretched out in front.
Keep the fingers together palm down
and the hand slightly "cupped." Now
with the arm straight, pull directly
downward until the hand comes
to the hip, raise the elbow higher than
the shoulder end at the same time
carry the arm around for the begin-
ning of another stroke. The hand
must not be brought under the arm
pit in the "recovery" of the stroke.
It should be carried out to the side so
that there is only a small bend at the
elbow. Repeat until the movement
becomes smooth and not jerky. Al-
ways enter the water with the finger
tips, arm straight and on a line from
the shoulder, not close to the head.
Now try the same with the left hand;
right hand on the right knee. After
both arms have been "loosened up"
to the movement you are ready to use
both at the same time. Begin with
either arm in front and the other
stretched out to the rear with the
palm up. Now slowly make the stroke
with one arm while the other is car-
ried around for a stroke. Go slowly
until the movement is thoroughly
mastered. Do not roll the shoulders
too much. Keep the chest straight
to the front. The head should be
lowered between the arms and not
turned in either direction. The
breathing comes later.

You are now ready for the water.
Wade out until the water is a little
above the waist, face the shore and re-
peat the land drill in the water.
First one arm, then the other,
then both, all the time standing still
with the face out of the water. Do not
batter the stroke. Always keep the
arms one-half circle apart. Now with
face in the water, eyes open, move
both arms until you "senses" the
movement. This should be repeated
several times standing still and then a
number of time walking slowly along
the shore. If you keep your eyes open
you will not wander into deep water.
Having mastered this you are ready
to do the main thing in lesson two,
that is, combining the arm movement
with the "dead man's float." Do a
couple "floats" so the "feel" comes
back to you. Now get a good push off
from the bottom and after your body
has come to the surface begin the arm

CARGO BOAT STRIKE SETTLED.

The cargo boat owners' strike has
been settled privately, the
Secretary for Chinese Affairs was in-
formed on Saturday, by representa-
tives of the Cargo Boat Owners'
Guild and the merchants concerned.

The settlement was effected on
Friday, when the strikers, it was
stated, voluntarily undertook to
nullify all of the terms proposed and
agreed upon at the Harbour Office
some time ago, and revert to the old
conditions. No explanation for this
surrender is forthcoming. The strike
started about a month ago over the
payment for hire of boats engaged in
night work.

movement. Move the arms slowly,
make complete strokes every time, no
"clawing," do not move the legs, and
be sure the head is low enough in the
water and the eyes open. Practise,
practise, practise.
Having mastered lesson two, you
had better "call it a day" and go
home to think it over or perhaps
spank yourself for not having done it
a long time ago.

LESSON III.

Lesson three, and the last one so
far as the beginner is concerned
involves two fundamentals, the
breathing and the leg kick. The
breathing will be dealt with first. In
the first lesson you learned to take
your breath through your mouth.
This applies throughout your swim-
ing life. The breath is exhaled
through the nose. This is the part
which cannot be practiced in a basin of
water at home. It is a fundamental
which must be thoroughly mastered or
your efficiency as a swimmer will be
nil. Take the breath off one shoulder
by turning the head slightly to the
side. The breath is taken with a
gasp. It is then turned back through
the same plane and exhaled slowly
through the nose. Just before the last
of the breath is exhaled, the head is
quickly turned to the side where the
remainder is exhaled and another
breath taken. Practise this first by
exhaling out of the water until the
coordination is learned. With your
hands on your knees practice exhaling
in the water. The queer bubbles will
soon come to better your mind and the
face is submerged to the ears the bub-
bles will be practically eliminated.
When you have gotten used to the
new sensations and have learned to
"grab" your breath off your shoulder
you are then ready to combine the
arms and the breathing. The breath
should be taken as the arm finished
the stroke and exhaled as the arm is
carried around and the stroke com-
pleted. Breathe on one side only.
Do not raise the head, it is simply
turned to the side. The faster the
arm stroke the faster you must take
your breath. Go slow at first. You
may breathe at every other stroke so
as to give yourself more time. In
speed swimming you breathe less
often than in ordinary swimming. It
is best for the beginner to learn to
breathe at every stroke.

Last but not least is the leg kick.
The movement is of a "thrashing"
kind and comes from the hips. The
knees are bent slightly. The feet are
kept close to either. The "thrash"
is up and down in the water plane.
In swimming it deviates somewhat to
the side when the breath is taken.
Get in shallow water where you can
put your hands on the bottom and
keep the face out. Practise the move-
ment until you "feel" it. Now
practise it from a "dead man's float."
You should be able to make consider-
able progress with the legs alone.

You now come to the main thing in
the third lesson, that is, the combina-
tion of the arms, legs and breathing.
First get a good "float" and "push-
off," then start the legs "thrashing"
and then the arms. After you have
mastered the coordination of the
legs and arms you should then
bring in the breathing. Try to get
one or two breaths at first, but re-
member the essential thing is to
exhale what you have taken in, then
you will have the need of more.
Later on you will be able to take
more and with less difficulty. Finally,
it will all come to you with ease and
for the first time in your life you will
experience that thrill of achievement
and joy of having conquered a long
feared foe.

This may seem a long way of telling
you the one or two fundamentals in
each lesson, but the details are
essential so that you progress grad-
ually and slowly abolish FEAR which
is not an easy enemy to "down."
Follow the system carefully and learn
one lesson each day. If you are not
satisfied with one lesson do not pass
on to the next. You only harm your-
self in the end. If you are an apt
pupil you will learn in three lessons
with lesson one, do not be discouraged,
it is the hardest of all because of the
new sensations. The other two lessons
will come much easier. Above all let
me emphasize, Follow the system!
A. E. Dome.

PEKING'S POLITICAL PERSONALITIES.

CABINET MAKING NOT EASY.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 21. Peking reports the political situation much easier to-day. A mandate issued last night appointed Lin Hsi Kuang civil governor of Kansu. Chin Yung Yen, the President's delegate, returned from Peitaiho last night and reported that Kao Eng Hung was willing to resume his duties on condition that hereafter the ministries of finance, education, and communications jointly bear the responsibility for educational expenses and that the teachers and education staff do not receive funds directly from the ministry of communications but from the ministry of education itself. If these conditions are strictly observed Kuo Eng Hung will have no further objection to resume office. It is reliably reported that the president will agree to these suggestions.

Owing to eye trouble Wan Chung Hui yesterday submitted his resignation, which the president returned with the intimation that if leave were necessary it would be given but he hoped Wang would resume the duties of the premiership as soon as he recovers.

A mandate will shortly appoint Lo Chia Hing vice-minister of commerce and transfer the vice-minister of commerce, Chian Tien To, to the directorship of the conservancy bureau.

A NEW "BANK"

A CHINESE LABOUR PROMOTION.

The China Industries Development Bank will open for business here very soon. It is a venture launched by the Hongkong Chinese Labour Association, and promises great advantages for the labouring classes. The articles of association have already been published and distributed broadcast in the Colony, and the scheme is meeting with widespread interest and support. The proposed capital is \$1,000,000, in shares of \$1 each, and the objects of the corporation, as set forth in pamphlets are to encourage saving among the labourers; to help needy labourers by loans to buy outfits, to finance business projects; and last, but by no means least, to enable labourers to maintain "an independent attitude."

A room in Connaught House (old Astor House Hotel) has been rented by the promoters as their office.

HONGKONG UNIVERSITY.

If one gives serious thought to the matter, surely the fact of the Hongkong University being under the necessity of appealing for funds should strike one as an extraordinary state of affairs. It is in Hongkong—British territory—but it is of China and it is the greatest educational institution in the country. It would seem impossible for it to be in want of money. Yet it is and an earnest appeal is now in circulation. The Rockefeller Foundation has offered Hongkong \$500,000 for endowing Chairs of Surgery and Medicine, conditionally only upon the Faculty being brought into harmony in other respects with the modern standard of efficiency, with the prospect of a further grant of \$250,000 for a Chair of Obstetrics and Gynaecology. It is estimated that from \$400,000 to \$500,000 is required to take full advantage of the Rockefeller grant. We sometimes wonder if people out here are rather scared by high-sounding figures in millions. Half a million dollars in pounds sterling would be covered easily by a dozen men in any London subscription for a good cause. Why not in China? We have several very rich men here—scores of them buy a lakh of dollars in a day as a gamble on exchange—and that half million ought not to be so very difficult to obtain.—N. C. Daily News.

"WHITE HANDS" AT THE CORONET.

A vivid, stirring tale of romance and adventure comes to the Coronet to-day. It is called "White Hands" and it depicts the adventures of one "Hurricane Hardy," a brutal iron-fisted sea captain who journeying into the heart of the Sahara Desert on a treasure hunt, runs across a camp where lives a white woman, sole survivor of a band that had been stricken by disease. She haunts him as her saviour but Hardy, fully realising her plight, determines to possess her for his own. He is on the point of taking advantage of her situation when the touch of a tiny child awakens in him shame and remorse. Hobart Bosworth, who is noted for his virile portrayals, has the part of Hurricane Hardy, and he has made of it a great achievement.

SPORTS.

SAT. RD. VS. PAFEBALL.

AMERICANS BEAT CHINESE.

The local American baseball team had its revenge on the Chinese nine on Saturday afternoon by defeating them by 9 runs to 7 in a close and exciting game.

There was a large crowd of fans present, and the Swatow Relief Fund was swelled to the extent of nearly \$500 more.

Saturday's encounter was the fourth between the two leading combinations in the Colony, and with the Americans victorious, the honours are now equally divided, each team having won two games. A final test match to decide the supremacy will be played later in the season.

The Americans' victory was due largely to Brown's excellent pitching, and had he been better supported by his fielders the Chinese would probably have suffered a bigger defeat. The American's fielding was at its worst in the fifth innings when the Chinese scored six of their seven home runs, and things looked black for the Americans. Leading comfortably, the Chinese team suddenly struck a bad patch and went to pieces. The Americans grasped the opportunity and piling on the runs soon overhauled their opponents. The Americans' two winning runs came in a rather unusual way. A batsman skied the ball, and in his eagerness to make a run for it, collided with the Chinese catcher, causing him to drop the ball. The Chinese team appealed, and during the argument to Americans who were held upon on bases, made the most of their chance and got safely home. The Chinese protest was disallowed and the runs counted. It was hard luck on the Chinese, but the Americans were quite within their rights.

Next Saturday it is hoped to fix up a game with the ball outfit of the U.S.S. "Tracy," which is now in port, and another line game is promised. The Chinese IX showed great form on Saturday, and are certainly getting into fine trim for the elimination matches in Shanghai this Autumn. They also stand a good chance to represent China in baseball at the Far Eastern Olympiad next spring, in which case they will be adding another feather to the cap of the South China A.A.

LAWN BOWLS LEAGUE

Saturday saw three league matches, all keenly contested. Kowloon C.C. beat Police R.C., 68 to 47, the scores being:

Hunter, Brown, Robinson, and Pile (K.C.C.) 23 against Clark, D. Reid Smith and Mair (Police) 21.

Nicholls Conley Hyde and Jack (K.C.C.) 30 against Moss, Mc Lellan, Ogg and Gerrard (Police) 10.

Thompson, Davidson, Stevens and Mc Martine (K.C.C.) 15 against Cassin, Kelly, Grimmer, and Grant (Police) 16.

Taikoo's Tai Yats beat the Tai-yees by 66 to 44. Scores:—

Grimes, Bateman, D. Morrison and Ferguson 22 against Laing, Whyte, McLeod and G. Morrison 8.

Sloan, Amery, Perrie and Drummond 26 against Foulds, Eldridge, T. Young and J. Russell 16.

Holland, O'Brien, Weir and Wotherpoon 18 against McIntosh, Sloan, G. Gerrard and Wallace 20.

Civil Service lost to the Kowloon B.C. 66—78. The scores were:

Sandford, Sullivan, Hill and Fincher (C.S.) 17 against Hedley, Whibley, Lapsley and Gray (K.B.G.) 29.

J. Hall, Long, Forbes and Stanley (C.S.) 17 against Gourlay, R. Hall, Harvey and Guy (K.B.G.) 33.

Laing, Oawick, Tacebi and A. B. Allan (C.S.) 32 against Jobstone, Brown, Gow and Edwards (K.B.G.) 16.

Next Saturday (26th) Taikoo (2) play Kowloon B. G., at Taikoo. Civil Service meet Taikoo (1) at C.S. Police meet Craigengower, on Police green.

LEAGUE TABLE.

P. W. L. T. Pts.
Kowloon B.G. 11 9 1 1 19
Taikoo (1) 11 8 3 0 16
Taikoo (2) 11 8 3 0 16
Police 11 4 7 0 8
Civil Service 10 3 7 0 6
Kowloon C.C. 11 3 8 0 6
Craigengower 11 2 8 1 5

SWATOW TYPHOON FUND.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE LIST.

At noon to-day the Chamber of Commerce subscriptions totalled \$73,128.95.

Already acknowledged ... \$72,163.00

St. Andrew's Church ... 225.95

Kowloon (Collection) ... 500.00

Toyo Kisen Kaisha 100.00

The Hon. S. an Godown Co. 50.00

Leung Hon. Chi, Esq. 50.00

A. G. Hewitt, Esq. 50.00

\$ 73,128.95

"SUI YIK" PIRACY SEQUEL.

JAIL FOR SCAPEGOAT.

Sub-Inspector Shaftain charged two Chinese before Mr. R. E. Lindell this morning, with the unlawful possession of one fully loaded revolver, two automatic pistols and 331 rounds of ammunition without a permit at Shaikwan.

Mr. H. B. L. Denny appeared for the second defendant, an old man and said that he had been instructed to plead guilty. He understood that the police were prepared to accept the plea, and he suggested that the case should be proceeded with immediately.

Inspector Shaftain said that he was compelled to accept the plea as the case stood, but he had information that the arms did not belong to the second defendant as was claimed by Mr. Denny, but to the younger man, who was shirking the blame to the second defendant, making him a scapegoat. As far as he was concerned, he knew that the presence of the arms was known to both men, and that they had some connection with the "Sui Yik" piracy.

Mr. Denny objected to the Inspector's statement, and submitted that he having pleaded guilty, the only course was for the Inspector to proceed with the case.

The Inspector said that he found the arms concealed under some rubbish under a bed in the passage running along three cubicles on the second floor of the house. He could not say if the bed was being used, as there was some rubbish on it also. He did know conclusively that the first defendant undertook responsibility, and that there was some connection with the piracy, but he could not put his informant into the witness box to prove it. He thought the Magistrate understood his position, and that he had no option but to accept Mr. Denny's plea.

Mr. Denny said that the first man was a blacksmith at Taikoo and the other was a boarding house runner. The second defendant had told him that he had received the arms wrapped up in newspaper from a ship's fireman some time ago.

The Magistrate discharged the first defendant and sentenced the older man to 12 months' hard labour.

Mr. Denny: In view of the man's age, won't your Worship give him the option of a fine.

Magistrate: No. I consider it a serious case.

MUST BE PUT DOWN.

CHIEF JUSTICE AND UNLAWFUL ARMS.

"I am determined as far as I can to put down this practice of a man of your character carrying dangerous weapons about" declared the Chief Justice (Sir William Rous Davies) at the Criminal Sessions to-day when sentencing to three years' imprisonment with hard labour a Chinese who had pleaded guilty to a charge alleging him to have been unlawfully in possession of a loaded five-chambered revolver and a dagger.

Sub-Inspector Lanigan told the Chief Justice that a detective informed him that four men were planning a robbery in a tea-house at Sam-shu po. He took along six men and raided the place at about 11.15 at night. There were four men in the tea-house and there was a scuffle between them and the police. It was found that the prisoner had weapons on him and he was arrested.

The prisoner explained that a friend of his gave him the weapons to mind. His statement at the police station was that he used them to avenge the death of his brother who had been killed.

SERIOUS STABBING CASE

Ng Fun was charged before Mr. R. E. Lindell this morning with having stabbed a rattle worker in Austin Road, Kowloon, recently.

The victim who was for some time in a critical condition, the wound having penetrated to the base of the left lung, was discharged from hospital during the week-end and was present in Court.

Mr. Leo d'Almada who appeared for the prosecution asked for a date to be fixed.

Inspector P. Grant said the complainant was drawing water when the defendant suddenly came out of a side street and stabbed him for no apparent reason.

The Magistrate said that it looked like attempted murder.

Mr. d'Almada agreed and said he would consider the advisability of bringing a more serious charge against defendant.

The hearing was fixed for Thursday afternoon.

Later Mr. C. H. Lyson appeared in Court and said he had been instructed for the defence.

AMERICAN WIRELESS.

The U.S.S. "Tracy" intercepted this associated press news from Guam:

BASE BALL SCORES.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis 9—5
Philadelphia 6—0
Chicago 5
New York 12
Detroit 6—1
Boston 1—0
Cleveland 3
Washington 1

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York 1
Chicago 2
Boston 4—2
Pittsburg 1—8
Brooklyn 4
Cincinnati 9
Philadelphia 8
St. Louis 7

INDIANAPOLIS.

Governor McCray sent let to sheriff of Austin, Laporte County, declaring Dempsey-Brennan bout at Michigan as a prize fight and there fore prohibited by law.

DUBLIN.

Official bulletin says national army advanced against insurgents from both the North and South in County Cork. Town of Macroom captured. Kelderny captured after fierce fighting. Heavy firing all night.

PARIS.

Seventy seven women athletes representing five countries; United States, Czechoslovakia, France, Switzerland and Britain will compete in first women's Olympiad on Sunday at Pershing Stadium.

WELLINGTON, NEW ZEALAND.

House of Representatives ratified Washington treaties.

FOREST HILLS.

Mrs. Mallory retained women's national singles tennis championship defeating Helen Wills of California straight sets 6-3 6-1.

INDIANAPOLIS.

Michigan Post of American Legion under whose auspices the Dempsey-Brennan bout was planned labor day notified Governor it would withdraw its patronage from the affair.

DUBLIN.

Military authorities warned citizens remain indoors this evening as it is believed insurgents planning attack.

SHANGHAI.

Robert Dollar Co. received advice that the river steamer Alice Dollar fired on the Yangtze River along Szechuan border and Captain Crum slightly wounded. British steamer Fuhwo also fired on.

WASHINGTON.

Administration Tariff Bill passed Senate after four months debate goes to conference. New vote forty-eight to twenty-one. Born only Republican who opposed it.

PHILADELPHIA.

Australians won the right to challenge the Americans for the Davis cup when O'Hara Wood defeated the Spaniard Drogomar 6-3 6-5 6-0 4-6-1.

THE TELEPHONE HANDBOOK

THE SECOND ISSUE OF THE TELEPHONE HANDBOOK IS NOW ON SALE AT THE OFFICES OF THE PUBLISHERS:

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A 3627 PICK ME UP AND LAY ME DOWN " "
A 3627 LONGING FOR YOU BLUES " "
A 3631 KICKY KOO " "
A 3631 BAMBOO BAY " "
A 3635 SWANEE BLUE BIRD " "
A 3635 NO USE CRYING " "
A 3636 GIPSY LOVE SONG WALTZ
A 3636 VICTOR HERBERT " "

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S.S. "PERSIA"Sailing on or about 29th Sept.

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LONDON MARUSaturday, 10th Sept.

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CANADA MARUTuesday, 27th August

SCHEER & COLOMBO—Regular fortnightly service via SINGAPORE.

JAVA MARUThursday, 24th August

DELL & BANGKOK via SAIGON & SINGAPORE—Regular Monthly PASSENGER service.

BUSDO MARUFriday, 1st September

CALCUTTA—Fortnightly service via Singapore, Rangoon.

KOSHIU MARUThursday, 24th Aug.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE & TACOMA—Via Shanghai and Japan—Taking cargo to OVERLAND PORTS U.S.A. Canada. Passenger Service.

AFRICA MARUTuesday, 22nd Aug.

(Omitting Shanghai)

NEW YORK—Via PANAMATuesday, 12th September.

NEW ORLEANS—Via SUEZ.

SUMATRA MARUThursday, 28th Sept.

JAPAN PORTS—Kobe & Yokohama via Shanghai.

ALTAI MARUSunday, 3rd Sept.

KEELUNG via SWATOW & AMOY. These steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class saloon passengers.

KIAIO MARUEvery Sunday.

AMAKUSA MARU

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KOSHU MARUThursday, 24th Aug.

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SHANGHAI AND TIENTSIN. KANGH. August 23rd Night.

SWATOW AND SHANGHAI. HUPEH. August 23rd Noon.

HOIHOW, PAKHOI AND HAIPHONG. KAIFONG. August 24th Night.

AMOI, SHANGHAI AND TIENTSIN. KANGH. August 24th 10 a.m.

AMOI, SHANGHAI AND SINGAPORE. KANGH. August 24th 4 p.m.

SHANGHAI. KANGH. August 24th 4 p.m.

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"DEVANHA"	8,092	30th Aug.	MARSEILLES, LONDON & A'werp
"NOVARA"	8,650	13th Sept.	do
"SOUDAN"	8,650	22nd Sept.	Spore, Penang, Col'bo & B'way
"MACEDONIA"	10,612	27th Sept.	B'way, MARSEILLES, L'bon, A'werp
"KALYAN"	8,587	11th Oct.	B'way, MARSEILLES, L'bon & A'werp
"MANUVA"	11,000	25th Oct.	MARSEILLES, LONDON & A'werp
"DONGOLA"	8,000	8th Nov.	do
"NANKIN"	7,900	22nd Nov.	B'way, MARSEILLES, L'bon, A'werp
"KARMALA"	9,070	6th Dec.	MARSEILLES, LONDON & A'werp
"KASHGAR"	9,000	27th Dec.	do
"PLASSY"	7,303	10th Jan. 1923	do
"SARDINIA"	6,580	24th Jan.	do

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All dates are approximate and subject to alteration without notice.

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"TAIYO MARU"	22,000	Sept. 8th.
"SIBERIA MARU"	22,000	Sept. 23rd.
"KOREA MARU"	22,000	Oct. 13th.
"SHINYO MARU"	22,000	Nov. 2nd.

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STEAMERS.	TONS.	LEAVE HONGKONG.
"GINYO MARU"	17,500	Sept. 16th.
"ANYO MARU"	18,000	Oct. 9th.
"SEIYO MARU"	18,000	Nov. 16th.

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THE "CHINA MAIL."

NOTICE.

Communications relating to news should be addressed to THE EDITOR.

Correspondents must forward their names and addresses with any communication addressed to the Editor, not necessarily for publication but as evidence of good faith.

All matter for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.

Letters relating to business should be addressed to THE MANAGERS.

Rate of subscription to "China Mail" is 300 per annum per quarter and per month.

Orders for copies of the "China Mail" should be sent to the Manager, as far as possible, as supply is limited. Cash 10 cts. Credit 25 cts. per copy.

The "China Mail" is delivered free at subscribers in Hongkong and Kowloon. Postage is charged at the rate of fifty cents per month.
Rate of subscription to the "Overland China Mail" is \$12 per annum; postage \$1 per annum extra. Single copy twenty-five cents each.
Alterations and additions to Advertisements on Pages 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 should be sent to the Office, No. 5, Wyndham Street, not later than 11.30 a.m.
Alterations and additions to Advertisements on pages 1, 4, 5 and 10 should be sent us not later than 1 p.m.
New Advertisements should be sent in before 2 p.m.
Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered to a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.
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THE CHINA MAIL

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

Author's Service to the China Mail
SOUTH HACKNEY PARLIAMEN-
TARY VACANCY.

London, August 19th.
The polling at South Hackney, to fill the vacancy caused by the expulsion of Horatio Bottomley, resulted as follows:-
Erskine Bole (Coalitionist), 9,118
Holford Knight (Labour), 9,044
A recount has been demanded.

THE RECOUNT RESULTS ARE:-Erskine Bole, 9,118; Holford Knight, 9,040.

RUSSIAN COUNTER-REVOLUTION-
ARY CHARGES.

Reveal, August 19th.
Advices from Moscow state that the cases against seven Bishops who were charged with being counter-revolutionaries have been dismissed.

OBITUARY.

Paris, August 19th.
The death is announced of the Historian, Professor Ernest Lavisse, of the Academie francaise; Professor at the Paris University and Corresponding Fellow of the British Academy.

INTERNATIONAL SPORT.

London, August 19th.
It is announced at Southampton that Beckett has signed articles to fight Frank Moran and Georges Carpentier in London during the autumn.

BIG CHESS CONGRESS.

London, August 19th.
One hundred and fifty competitors took part in the largest chess congress ever held in Great Britain, which concluded at Westminster with the following prize-winners:-J. R. Capablanca (13); the Russian, Alekhine (11); the Jugoslav, Vidmar (11); the Pole, Rubinstein (10); the Hungarian, Bogoljubov (9); the Hungarian, Roti (8); the Ukrainian, Tartakower (8); the Hungarian, Maroczy (8) and the British player Yates (8).
AUSTRALASIAN WIN IN DAVIS CUP DOUBLES.

Philadelphia, August 18th.
In the Davis Cup Doubles, Patterson and O'Hara beat Mannel Alonso and Degenmar 6/3, 6/3, 6/4.

Philadelphia, August 18th.
In the Davis Cup Competition O'Hara beat Degenmar 6/3, 3/6, 6/0, 6/4, 11/1. Australasia now meets the United States.

AUSTRALASIA AGAIN DEFEATS SPAIN.

Philadelphia, August 19th.
In the Davis Cup final match of the Hispano-Australasian contest, Patterson beat Alonso 5/0, 6/2, 6/2.

AMERICAN WOMEN'S TENNIS
CHAMPIONSHIP.

New York, August 20th.
Mrs. Mallory retained the American Women's Championship by defeating the sixteen-year-old Californian girl Helen Wills, 6-3, 6-1.

ANOTHER EXTRAORDINARY
GLIDER FEAT.

Berlin, August 19th.
During an extraordinary glider feat in the Rhoeun Mountains, one competitor maintained a consistent height for forty-three minutes and crossed the starting-point nine times. He descended after being sixty-six minutes in the air.

AMERICA'S PROHIBITION LAW.

Washington, August 19th.
On the ground that America is negotiating with Great Britain for an agreement under which the latter will not object to the search of British vessels, within a reasonable distance beyond the three-mile limit, Senator Sterling withdrew his amendment to the prohibition law, declaring that its provisions may be enforced anywhere within eighteen miles of the American coast.

IRELAND'S CIVIL WAR.

London, August 19th.
The Free State forces have captured Greenore, Newmarket and Kanturk. The Rebels no longer control a single town and the remnants of their army have fled to the hills.

U.S.A. TARIFF BILL PASSES
SENATE.

Washington, August 19th.
After a four months' debate, the Senate passed the Tariff Bill by 48 votes to 25. It now goes to a conference of the two houses.

NIJNI NOVGOROD FAIR A
FAILURE.

Berlin, August 19th.
It appears that the Nijni Novgorod Fair is a failure. The *Levetz* publishes an interview with M. Zalmanoff, representing the Trade Commission, who declared the position generally, and the business done at Nijni Novgorod, was hopeless. Trade was paralysed, chiefly owing to the credit policy of the State banks and the tariff policy of the Communications Commissariat.

ROCKEFELLER OFFER TO
LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

Geneva, August 19th.
The Health Committee of the League of Nations decided to recommend the despatch of a commission to the Far East, to investigate the question of the frequency of epidemics, particularly those constituting an international danger.

Geneva, August 19th.
At a meeting of the Health Committee of the League of Nations, Sir John Buchanan announced that Great Britain would advance £200,000 for the maintenance of quarantine and control of the movements of refugees on the Russian frontier, conditional on other members of the League of Nations subscribing £200,000.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND
PASSENGERS.

VESSELS DUE

FROM SHANGHAI.
Sept. 11.-B. F. Toireasia.

FROM JAPAN.
Aug. 29.-P. & O. Devanha.
Sept. 4.-B. F. Machon.
Sept. 10.-P. & O. Elyan.
Oct. 10.-P. & O. Flasey.

FROM MANILA.
Aug. 28.-B. F. Irion.
Sept. 4.-S. & B. Dewey.
Sept. 10.-B. F. Tallybius.

FROM SINGAPORE.

Sept. 4.-S. & B. Dewey.

FROM JAVA.

Sept. 4.-S. & B. Dewey.

FROM BOMBAY.

Aug. 24.-N.Y.K. Wakana Maru.

Sept. 7.-N.Y.K. Awa Maru.

FROM CALCUTTA.

Aug. 24.-N.Y.K. Tosa Maru.

FROM SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.

Sept. 23.-A. O. Taiyuan.

Oct. 15.-A. O. Changsha.

FROM PORTLAND.

Aug. 25.-Col. Pac. S. West Kader.

FROM VANCOUVER.

Aug. 31.-B. F. Tallybius.

Sept. 21.-B. F. Tyndarus.

FROM LOS ANGELES.

Aug. 22.-S. & B. Apas.

FROM SEATTLE.

Aug. 31.-B. F. Tallybius.

FROM NEW YORK.

Sept. 1.-B. F. Ajax.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Aug. 23.-J.C.F.L. Tjikanang.

Sept. 3.-S. & B. Taiyo Maru.

FROM EUROPEAN PORTS.

Sept. 4.-B. F. Machon.

FROM LONDON.

Aug. 28.-P. & O. Flasey.

Sept. 4.-P. & O. Macdonia.

Sept. 10.-G. L. Glenanoy.

Sept. 15.-G. L. Glenogic.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Aug. 28.-B. F. Laomedon.

Sept. 1.-B. F. Antichos.

Sept. 4.-B. F. Machon.

Sept. 10.-B. F. Hyson.

Sept. 13.-B. F. Tydeus.

FROM COPENHAGEN.

Oct. 4.-E. A. Asia.

Oct. 15.-E. A. Panama.

Oct. 29.-E. A. Malaya.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS

THE C.P.S. R.M.S. "Empress of
Australia" arrived at Manila on Aug. 19
at 9 a.m. leaves Manila on Aug. 19 Mid-
night and is due at Manila on Aug. 22
at 6 a.m.

The P. M. s.s. "President Lincoln" sailed from Manila at 5 a.m. on Aug. 19, and arrived at Hongkong at 5 p.m. on Aug. 21. Her sailing date from Hongkong, viz. Wednesday Aug. 23 at noon remains unchanged.

The N.Y.K. s.s. "Tosa Maru" (Calcutta Line) left Calcutta for Hongkong via Singapore on Aug. 7 and is expected here on Aug. 22.

The T.K.E. s.s. "Persia Maru" arrived at Yokohama on Aug. 11 and sails on Aug. 13 being due at Hongkong on Aug. 23.

The N.Y.K. s.s. "Wakana Maru" (Bombay Line) left Kobe for Hongkong via Japan on Aug. 17 and is expected here on Aug. 24.

The B. & S. s.s. "Laomedon" left Liverpool on July 22 for Hongkong, Shanghai, Taku and Dairen and is due here on or about August 26.

The N.Y.K. s.s. "Taio Maru" (American Line) left Kobe for Hongkong via Nagasaki and Shanghai on Aug. 18 and is expected here on Aug. 28.

The N.Y.K. s.s. "Awa Maru" (Bombay Line) left Bombay for Hongkong via Singapore on Aug. 10 and is expected here on Aug. 27.

The C.P.S. R.M.P. "Empress of Russia" arrived at Yokohama on Aug. 19 at 8 a.m. left Yokohama on Aug. 19 at 4 p.m. and is due at Vancouver on Aug. 28.

The F.F.s. "Antiochus" left Liverpool on July 29 for Straits, Hongkong, Shanghai and Japan and is due here on or about August 31.

The C.P.S. R.M.P. "Empress of Asia" left Vancouver for Hongkong via Japan on Aug. 10 and is due here on or about August 31.

The T.K.E. s.s. "Taio Maru" arrived at Yokohama on Aug. 18 and sails on Aug. 19 via Kobe, Nagasaki, Shanghai and Manila, being due at Hongkong on Aug. 23.

The B. F. s.s. "Tallybius" from Pacific ports left Seattle on Aug. 3 and is due to arrive at this port on or about Aug. 21.

The B. & S. s.s. "Ajax" from New York left Seattle on July 29 for Straits, Manila and Hongkong and is due here about Sept. 1.

The B. F. s.s. "Hyson" left Liverpool on Aug. 3 for Straits, Hongkong, Shanghai and Japan, and is due here on or about Sept. 15.

The B. F. s.s. "Tydeus" left Liverpool on Aug. 6 for Straits, Hongkong, Shanghai and Japan, and is due here on or about Sept. 15.

The F.F.s. "Orontes" left Liverpool on Aug. 15 for Singapore, Hongkong, Shanghai and Japan, and is due here on or about Sept. 15.

ARROW

It is because of the sterling qualities possessed by ARROW Shirts, that you see them so strongly featured in shops like ours. If you buy an ARROW you will get the fullest quota of value offered at the price. The ARROW label is a sound guaranty that the garments are worth their price at all times. Any merchandise that sells at a fixed price is exceedingly good merchandise and that is why we carry ARROW Shirts.

OBTAINABLE FROM
MACKINTOSH & CO., LTD.
MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS.

THE BOY IN FICTION.

BY C. G. IN THE "MANCHESTER GUARDIAN."

The hymn about "many giants, great and tall, stalking through the land" I have always thought rather hard on giants. For though I have myself no use for giants (brains are usually their short suit, and they take up more than their fair share of room in tramcars and elsewhere), yet, if you come to think of them, and literature, at right to stalk as the members of Daniel's band have to run, walk, prance, loiter, or adopt whatever other method of progress appeals to them. But there is one giant of sorts at present stalking through our land, and literature, at which I would myself gladly have a shot. If I could hope to pierce its thick forehead with any smooth stone of ridicule, drawn from the bracing and chilling stream of common sense, it would be "Me for Daniel's hand" all the time. I refer to the giant of silly sentimentality which is now slaying its thousands as with the j-whone of an axe. I have just been reading a novel, "Which, by your leave, I do not mean to name," but which has a large circulation and three heroes. We begin with them, as seems to be the fashion nowadays, at the moment when they leave the cradle, or soon after, but they are presented to us with the greatest detail from the time they are thirteen or thereabouts. We know all about the colour of their eyes. One has blue eyes, like a piece of the sky or a corner of the Lake of Geneva. One has black eyes "darkened by drooping lids weighed down by their long lashes." One has "brown eyes of pathetic appeal." We are told all about their hair. The blue-eyed one naturally has golden hair. I did really think that the blue-eyed and golden-haired hero had died of a decline about the middle of the Victorian era. I was, worse luck, evidently wrong. The dark-eyed boy has glorious black hair and the third hero has light hair which—gods of my boyhood's days reach for your thunderbolts!—the prefects of the school found one of their favourite pastimes in darkening with their wet brushes. And these same prefects, we are gravely assured, were when eighteen or nineteen, far older and more conscious of manhood than they would be ten years later when in the army! At which date, I suppose, they would play with rag dolls.

PERSONALITIES.

We are told all about the boys' complexions, and it would be no small labour to compute how many times they are recorded to have blushed. They cannot turn up their shirt-sleeves to bat but we must learn that their arms are "smooth and round like a woman's." We are told all about their legs "gloriously made," saved from undue emphasis by their full-flashed curves, and so on and all of them, no matter to which hero they belong, straight. No bow legs here, you understand. Now, as we all know, "the Queen of Spain has no legs" and I cannot help thinking that English school boys, unless, of course, on some very special occasion, such as the winning of the mile or the school hurdle race, should observe the same self-denying ordinance. Yet even the school doctor cannot examine one of them without rhapsodizing about his "limbs firm and round enough to get him a prize in a Baby Show." He had enough in many novels to have to ensure catalogue of the heroine's physical perfections, but if we cannot read a public school story without details about the hero's "perfect curve of the cheek line" and his "flower-like lips which seemed always parted" then life is indeed hard. And these boys seem as queer inside as out. One of them (aged 13) declares to his friend that he so adores his master that to be caned by him is a pleasure. If I say that I am not myself made by nature to be the object of hero-worship, I hope my readers will not think that I complain. Far from it. I am of the mind of one of Mr. Kipling's characters who declared that for the average Englishman to be a hero is more terrible than death, and I should fancy that there is no situation more boring in life than

DECAY OF ENGLISH POLO.

The semi-final games of the champion cup, played on a Saturday at Hurlingham, should have made the directors of English polo wince. The Argentine Federation team, a side of young players, just made tracks round the Freebooters team. The Freebooters were beaten by the superior team work of the winners and their better ponies. Yet the Argentine four never played together as a team before they reached this country.

What has taken place is that polo in England has been nursed by the original generation of polo players too long. These men had grown obsolete through natural causes.

Now a very interesting thing has happened this season in London polo. A certain number of the first generation of players—polo is only one generation old—have suddenly stepped down from the game. The reason is not far to seek. These young Argentine players warned them early in the season that they would play the game as it should be played. They were true to their word, and the old guard have been successfully hustled out of the game.

But there is no efficient young guard to take their places. The pony-dealing ring kept the young guard out when they should have been learning the game.

that of an adored idol. But if any boy were so fond of me that he enjoyed being caned by me I should certainly strive to meet him more than half-way. He should have no cause to complain that I risked spoiling him by sparing the rod.

THE FAVOURITE MASTER.

Of course, most boys have a favourite master. I had myself. And the thought of him brings a memory across the intervening years fragrant as the smell of violets on warm, moonless nights. (I really beg your pardon! It shall not occur again. I can only plead that my recent reading has contaminated my style.) But I remember the incident as if it were yesterday. I can almost hear him sniff (he always expressed scorn, amazement, disgust, or horror by sniffing) and almost see him pull down his waistcoat (he always tugged at his waistcoat in moments of strong emotion) as he said, with the air of one apostrophising the high gods, "I think, I certainly do think, that you are the most offensive boy I ever met." He has since denied that he said it, or at any rate that it at all expressed his real feelings. But he certainly did say it, and I believe he meant it. He would be better advised to put in, as they say in libel cases, the alternative pleadings that the words were spoken without malice, that they were true in substance and fact, they expressed fair comment on a matter of public interest (the public interest was certainly there, for I had just succeeded in kicking him upon the raw, to the great delight of the rest of the form), and that the occasion justified his giving me five hundred lines, was privileged.

But the book reminds one how difficult it is to come on a really good public school story. I shall be told that there are many. I doubt it. Most of those I have read seem to me to be classed simply as poor, bad, and worse. When I was at school some 350 boys could be classified as to their reading into the few who had any tincture of letters and read Scott, Dickens, and Dumas, and the many who read nothing except an occasional penny blood. Boy's papers (and there were several even in those far distant days) were simply not read at all. I am sometimes driven to suspect that school stories are largely written by women for middle-aged men who wish to recall the first mad careless rapture of youth. If I have to believe in the boys of the "Fifth Form at St. Dominic's" and "The Willoughby Captains" and such stories I shall believe in Ouida's guardians and Arizona as pictured on the films. True I know at least one boy in literature. Tom Sawyer is a boy as middle-aged men like to fancy them. Huckleberry Finn is a boy as God made boys. Are there many other live boys in fiction? I have not met them.

SUN IN SHANGHAI.

WILL HE REVISE HIS OUTLOOK?

Commenting on the arrival of Sun Yat-sen in Shanghai, the N.C. Daily News, in a reading article, says:—

The extraordinary hold which Dr. Sun Yat-sen has upon the imagination of the South was shown by the excitement aroused by his arrival in Shanghai. We even hear that in some places where Cantonese are employed in large numbers, work was seriously interfered with on Saturday, the day that the "Empress" was due, merely by the spell of his name. At the Customs jetty yesterday fifty-four different organizations are said to have been represented among the crowd of Chinese welcome. Some of them carried flags of a distinctly political hue, which they tried to fasten to railings and posts. Seeing that such "common objects of the sea shore" are municipal property, and that there are probably as many organizations in Shanghai which are violently opposed to Dr. Sun as those on his side, the demonstrators were very rightly told by the police to remove their flags. A welcome to Dr. Sun was one thing; a political demonstration ending possibly in a riot was quite another. For like reasons it was very wisely arranged that Dr. Sun should not land by the ordinary tender but, as was actually done, should be disembarked quietly at Woosung. So the demonstrators at the public jetty had to go home disappointed.

It is hardly possible that Dr. Sun's presence in Shanghai should not have a disturbing effect, quite independently, we hasten to add, of any intention of his own. Political organizations in the Settlement have latterly been passing through lean times, they have incurred that worst of all fates that an ardent patriot can face, goodhumoured indifference; and they will certainly not fail to try to make capital out of Dr. Sun's presence and the tale of his expulsion from Canton, in order to bring themselves into prominence and incidentally replenish their funds. The hangers-on of political leaders are invariably far more mischievous than the leader himself. It is a case of heads they win and tails he loses. In his success the leaves and fishes are for them; in his failure, they reckon on their own insignificance to secure their own escape. To this indeed is partly due Dr. Sun's downfall in the South and his presence in Shanghai to-day. But while we might believe that Dr. Sun was more sinned against than sinning, in the selfish and wicked ambitions of the men who used his name for their own ends, it is necessary to say plainly that Shanghai is not Canton and that political intrigue, woven about his presence will not be tolerated here. It was in 1913, when the late Huang Hsing and Chen Chi-mei were contriving the plot which led to that summer's fighting about the Arsenal, that Shanghai first awoke to the manner in which its hospitality might be abused and there has ever since been a very strong and unanimous opinion that the asylum, which as a foreign settlement it provides, shall not be made use of by political malcontents for the purpose of keeping China in a state of unrest. Dr. Sun is probably very well aware that a good many people would have been glad to see him refused permission to land in Shanghai. That, of course, was not possible. Shanghai does not expect any Chinese except convicted criminals, into which category politicians do not enter, except in the eyes of their opponents. But as the doors of Shanghai are open to all classes, she has at least a right to exact that her character as a foreign business settlement is respected and her neutrality

THE WOMAN OF THIRTY

Often in Need of Help.

At thirty a woman may reasonably expect to enjoy good health, having then overcome the troubles of early womanhood, yet being free of the later trials of middle-age; but various causes tend to undermine the strength of many women of thirty.

Foremost among these causes are the cares of motherhood and household worries, which have a depressing effect on a woman's regular health and nervous system; then, again, women in business will often find themselves overworked, business anxieties, hurried meals, too little rest and lack of sufficient outdoor recreation thin the blood and give rise to much suffering. Among the prominent symptoms of this blood condition are headache, backache, weakness in the limbs and poor appetite. Still, keen as the distress may be, a little help is usually all the system needs.

All run-down condition is called for richer, better blood; good blood is red blood, and on this a woman's health depends. The best of good, red blood is created by Dr. Williams' pink pills, and this is why these pills enjoy their reputation among women. They are the tonic best adapted for women's needs so if you suffer, avail yourself to-day of the health food of Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people. Obtain them of any doctor, or direct from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 98 Greenwich Road, Shanghai, price \$1.50 per bottle, \$3. for 6 bottles, post free.

INSURANCE CONSPIRACY CHARGE.

CASE AGAINST WALLACE WITHDRAWN.

At the Shanghai Mixed Court on August 15, the police withdrew the charge against W. G. Wallace, who claims American citizenship, of being concerned in the alleged insurance fraud, in connection with which the British subjects A. M. Spence and G. Y. C. Olmstead have been sent for trial. Wallace, against whom an additional charge of obtaining at Tientsin goods to the value of \$588 by false pretences was withdrawn by the complainant through his solicitor, Mr. Roushkovsky, was cautioned by Magistrate Teang and Mr. Jacobs as to his future behaviour. "Before we dismiss these charges," said the American Assessor, "we wish to urge you to get into some legitimate business, and refrain from those lines of activity which you have carried on in the past."

Dr. O. Fischer defended. Det. Sgt. York stated that since the first hearing the police had gone thoroughly into the case. At the time of the raid on the offices in Kiangse Road, it was found that most of the documents seized were signed by Wallace. The police believed at the time that he was in the conspiracy. Later inquiries, however, showed that defendant was an employee, receiving a salary of \$250 a month. In the circumstances the officer asked leave to withdraw the charge.

Replying to the Assessor, Sgt. York said that there was nothing to show that the defendant had taken part in any way in the founding of the company.

THE OTHER CHARGES.

In discharging the defendant, Mr. Jacobs said that in view of certain information in the hands of the police the Court knew that he (Wallace) was wanted at Vladivostok, Harbin and Tientsin on certain charges. All this information was in the form of letters containing accusations. There must be something in all these allegations. All those charges could not be frame-ups. He (the Assessor) hoped that when the defendant was released he would make an attempt to obtain honest work. As regards his citizenship, it was still not established. His possession of a document (handed into court) and acceptance of it immediately created the presumption that he had forfeited his American citizenship. He should certainly take steps to establish his nationality.

The Court would discharge defendant of any guilt so far as the two present charges were concerned. But there still remained to be dealt with the request of the Chinese authorities at Tientsin for his return to that place to answer certain charges. As no prima facie case had, however, been made out concerning them, accused would be placed under a personal bond. A letter would be sent to the Tientsin authorities informing them that if they still desired the custody of the defendant, they must send a deputy to Shanghai to make out a prima facie case against him.

towards Chinese political difference not impaired and that right she will strictly enforce.

Is it too much to hope that removal from the feverish atmosphere of the South and the palmer surroundings of Shanghai will induce Dr. Sun Yat-sen to revise his outlook on the political landscape? We cannot believe that he can take any pleasure in the bloodshed and suffering of innocent folk in which so many of his plans have foundered. We certainly do not believe that wealth attracts him: with all the opportunities for enriching himself that he has had, he remains a man of comparatively modest means. And we are willing to believe that power and office have been sought by him not for his own sake so much as because he honestly believed that he alone could wield them for his country's behoof. No one, moreover, would deny that there has been justification for his antagonism to the North. Peking has not in these latter years been worthy of anyone's admiration. But a change has come over the scene to this extent at least that there is no one who, in any degree for which he can openly be charged with reaction and illegality, needs to be denounced and opposed. The Government, that sits in Peking, President, Cabinet and Parliament, is all admittedly a temporary instrument rendered necessary by the collapse of the previous authority, only utilisable until a permanent legal system can be evolved. If over China were in a transition state (that familiar excuse for so many deficiencies) it is now, when out of the wreckage of the past she is trying to build on more stable and liberal foundations. At such a time there is surely no space for wrangling and fighting but for a common effort by all men of influence—and Dr. Sun is surely not the least—to devote themselves in peaceful co-operation to the common cause.

BRIGHTER CRICKET.

THE PROBLEM SOLVED.

"The demand for brighter cricket, which has again broken out with its early summer severity, seems to have been furnished with a solution, so far as South America is concerned," writes "Historicus," in *The Cricketer*. "By cricket, we hasten to add, is not meant the mere performances of the players, interesting enough though they may be but Cricket the National Game—the reading or writing of newspaper reports."

"Having made this explanation, we venture to affirm, without fear of contradiction, that the Argentine Republic is the present holder of the Ashes. This statement may come as a surprise to students of Wisden and other standard, but serious works on the game: it will also assuredly, when we have proved our case, occasion some slight disappointment in Australia. But we have a public duty to perform, and if, as Mr. Pookniff remarked, 'Truth will prevail,' we do not shrink from bearing the odium of responsibility which we shall insure by effecting such a result."

"Quite recently a team from Brazil visited Buenos Aires, and its matches against the Argentine Republic produced performances to which 'Wisden' furnishes no parallel. Thus of Doring, one of the 'batting aces' we read: 'The spotlight must be turned on Herbert Doring. He gave a real good punching display, scoring slowly at first, until getting his eye sharpened, he proceeded to show that his hitting powers are on a level with Jack Dempsey's.' This, however, was quite early in the tour, before the writers had got their hand, and better was to come. Respecting later games, we learn that 'Morris uses the port side when batting,' and 'had a horse shoe in his pocket, narrowly escaping being pummed; this the hall was kept busy disarranging the landscape,' and that 'runs came faster than Henry Ford builds flivvers; and that 'Pryor entered disguised as a h'sman.' Some of us in this country thought we knew something about cricket, but so far as the brighter cricket, for which many have pined, is concerned, it is evident our ignorance is profound."

"The bowlers were dealt with in a manner quite as picturesque. Mr. H. C. Morris, we are told, 'bowled with the precision of a steamhammer, and the visitors eating out of his hand.' Presumably his victims were among the rabbits of the side, but on that point—a mere detail—history is silent. After being told that 'Neumann uses the fork hand when bowling,' and that 'Oliver used his head for something beyond a hat-rack,' we learn that 'the speed-kings of the side, Foy, Salmonson, and Bryans were working on all six cylinders, but all to a purpose; one appeared to put a throttle hold on the run getting until Rishworth put up one in the direction of Mold at cover slip, and he scooted it in, like a thirsty Irishman pounces on a glass of soda. We had been hoping for better things, but begin to fear that England is hopelessly outclassed."

"It was with interest we read of 'Brazil, folding-up like a trick tobacco pouch and fizzling away in the second innings,' which 'lasted as long as a New Year resolution.' In such circumstances it seemed only natural that the visitors had as much chance for victory as the ex-Kaiser of receiving a gold service set from the Belgian Government. In the second Test Match, Argentina, started at 13.40 and for a time play was as quiet as a draf and dumb picnic, so slow was the scoring. As though to compensate for latter event however, there was supplied a good brand of food to the hungry spectators. It did one's heart good to hear them eat."

"Surely, South America is the home of the Brighter Cricket."

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SIX WHEEL LORRIES.

Successful trials were carried out at Ipswich on July 12 with a new lorry attachment which converts an ordinary four-wheel steam or petrol lorry into a six wheeler. The effect of this device, the English rights of which have been acquired by Ransome, Sims, and Jefferies, Limited, is to increase the body capacity of the vehicle by approximately 100 per cent. at a disproportionate increase in operating charges. The attachment is fitted to the rear of the motor vehicle by means of a universal joint, and the road tests on the difficult roads in the vicinity of Ipswich showed that the wheels of the motor vehicle. The device has been tested under ordinary service conditions by a well-known English company for the transport of telegraph poles in Poland. It was also used for the transport of machinery to the Royal Agricultural Show at Cambridge.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

FISH

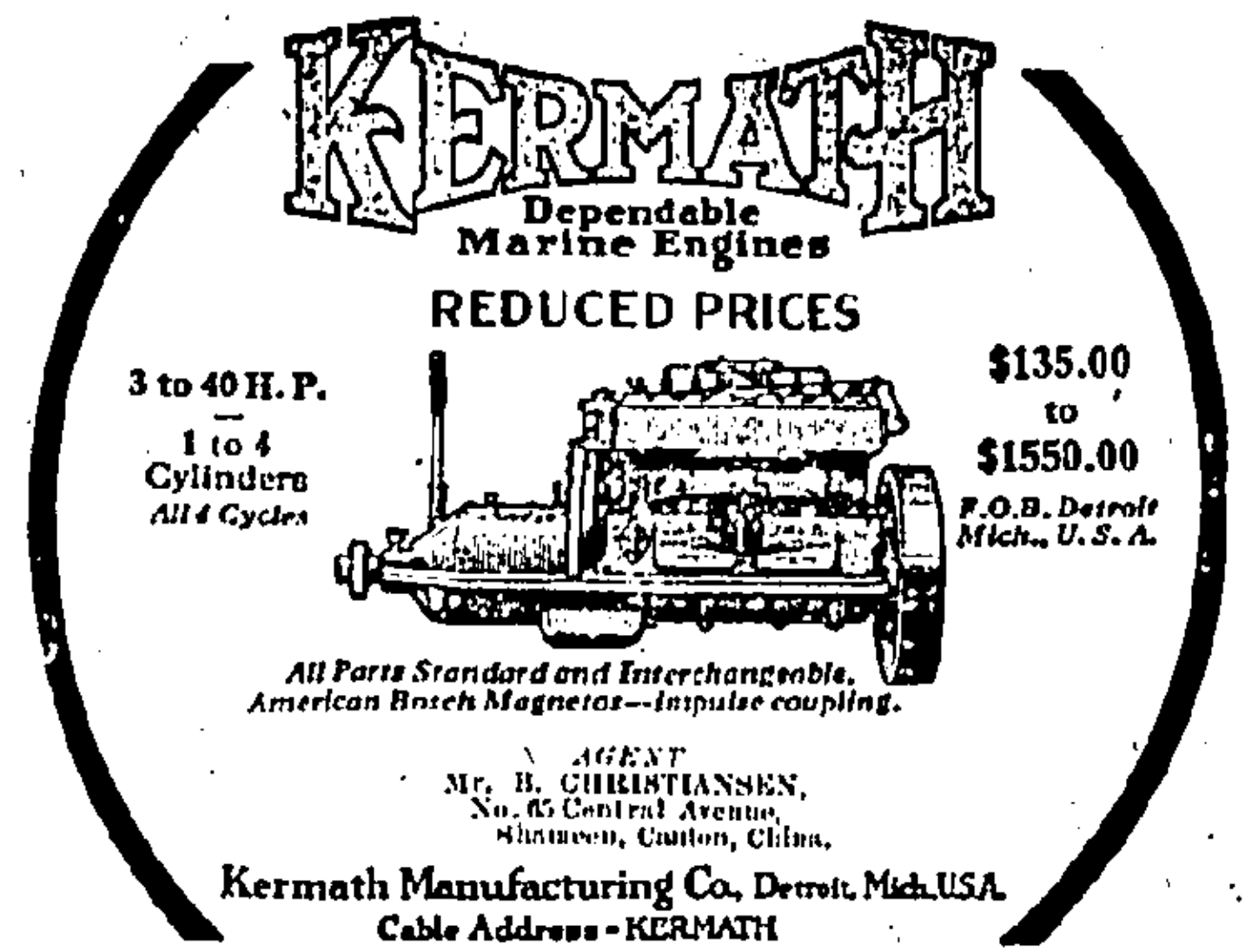
Just landed direct from the Scottish Fisheries.

FILLETS	65 cents per lb
HADDOCKS	60 " "
KIPPERS	50 " "
CANADIAN SALMON	65 " "

LATEST TABLE DELICACY.

SQUAB CHICKEN (Dry plucked) \$1.00 each.

THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., Ltd.



KERMATH
Dependable Marine Engines
REDUCED PRICES
3 to 40 H.P.
1 to 4 Cylinders
All 4 Cycles
\$135.00 to \$1550.00
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All Parts Standard and Interchangeable.
American Bosch Magneto—Inspire coupling.
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Hawthorne, Cuyahoga, Ohio.
Kermath Manufacturing Co., Detroit, Mich., U.S.A.
Cable Address—KERMATH

ROYAL SILK STORE.

Just Received New Consignment of Benares Real Gold and Silver BROCADE for Trimming Dresses, Shoes and Scarfs. We are the Only Dealers for the above Articles & Invite Your Inspection D. CHELLARAM, 38a, Queen's Road Central.

ENDING LONDON SLUMS.

CLEARING OF THE CONGESTED AREAS.

The London County Council, on July 4, considered the annual estimates for housing in the present financial year. The total of the capital estimates was £4,193,160, and related almost entirely to the erection of houses under the assisted housing scheme, including upwards of £3,000,000 in respect of the Becontree and Bellingham estates. Over £600,000 had also been provided for work at the two estates during the six months ending September 1923, in order to complete the authorized programme.

Mr. H. P. R. Walker contended that there was still a horrible shortage of houses and great overcrowding. People in large houses could not move into smaller ones, and those in small and overcrowded houses could not go into larger buildings. He suggested they should make a start by developing Grove Park Lewisham.

Mr. R. C. C. Powell said there was one house under the shadow of the new County Hall where twenty to thirty people were herded together. The Council would obtain a source of income for the building of more houses if they rated a number of large houses at present untenanted. Sir Edgar Bonham-Carter suggested to add £300,000 to the £1,730,000 proposed for clearing insanitary areas. In this way such areas could be cleared within five years.

Lieutenant-Colonel Levita, Chairman of the Housing Committee said that that day they had brought up the largest building estimate ever put forward by any city. They had sufficient money to carry out the maximum of work laid down for the year, and more work could not be carried out with the normal establishment of the Council. He thought the Government was right in cutting down the partnership, for it resulted in a reduction of fifty-three per cent. in the cost. The Labour members, he said, had not helped, or there would have been a larger number of houses built in London to-day. They heard a great deal about profiteering, but the greatest profiteer was the man who would not do an honest day's work and in that respect the Labour Party had not helped. Housing could not progress when men laid only two hundred bricks a day instead of a thousand.

Colonel Levita said the Government were prepared to join the Council in clearing the slum areas, and on that subject there would be a proposal placed before his Committee. When it was formulated the Council would have the biggest clearing scheme of any city in the world, and one which would put an end to the slums of London and put a burden on the rates which would be satisfactory to the citizens. The estimates were agreed to.

THE DENBY SPEECH.

SHIPPING INTERESTS OFFENDED.

An American point of view (as well as an explanation that should satisfy British critics, if they accept it) is given in the following extract from the *Weekly Review of Shanghai*:

Secretary of the Navy Denby made a speech in Japan in which he referred to the rough handling of American cargoes on non-American boats. Anybody possessing even moderate intelligence after reading Mr. Denby's remarks knew that he was referring to Japanese shipping practices at Kobe which were very serious during the European war but which have improved vastly since. The Japanese newspapers sent their reporters to haste to Mr. Denby to find out whether by any chance the great American naval secretary could have had Japanese boats in mind. Mr. Denby, in accordance with customary oriental indirection (he lived in China for ten years as a boy), replied, "Of course, I didn't mean Japanese ships!" He must have bowed and smiled and possibly winked when he said it. This should have ended the matter, but a chorus of British editorial voices in the *Far East* immediately demanded, "If you didn't mean Japanese boats, then you must have meant ours!" And the fun was on and latest reports hint of stern reprobations by a man faced gentlemen in chambers of commerce assembled. To repeat ourselves, anybody even with moderate intelligence and the slightest sense of humour knows that Mr. Denby did not mean British ships in the *Far East* trade. Now, if he had been talking about South America, well—but this is another story—any rate very few Americans have ever had any special grounds for complaint at the handling of American cargoes by British ships in this part of the world. By kicking up a fuss over nothing, the British editors out here have made a lot of unthinking people believe that Mr. Denby must have had British ships in mind when he made the statement in Japan, when, as a matter of fact, he meant nothing of the kind. Furthermore, they have provided Mr. Denby with some excellent political ammunition which he undoubtedly will use in helping put over the American ship-subsidy bill. Mr. Denby is a naval man of parts—but he is above all a politician of considerable ability; otherwise he wouldn't be in President Harding's cabinet.

SUPPLIED BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Physicians prescribe Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy because it relieves cramps in the stomach and intestinal pains quicker than any preparation they can compound. It can be bought from any chemist. A bottle will keep for years, and no home is complete without it. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES

CHINA COAST, ETC.

SWATOW.

Aug. 22.-C. N. Kalgan.
22.-D. L. Hanching.
22.-I.C.S.N. Chatsang.
23.-P. M. Gortistan.
23.-C. N. Hupoh.
24.-I.C.S.N. Hopang.
24.-O.S.K. Soshu Maru.
25.-C. N. Nairang.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-I.C.S.N. Kwongang.
Sept. 1.-C. M. Armanestan.

AMOY.

Aug. 22.-D. L. Hanching.
23.-C. M. Hanching.
23.-C. N. Soshu Maru.
23.-D. L. Hanching.
23.-C. N. Hupoh.
24.-I.C.S.N. Hopang.
24.-O.S.K. Soshu Maru.
25.-C. N. Nairang.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-I.C.S.N. Kwongang.
Sept. 1.-C. M. Armanestan.

FOOCHOW.

Aug. 22.-D. L. Hanching.
23.-D. L. Hanching.
23.-D. L. Hanching.

SHANGHAI.

Aug. 21.-C. N. Hanching.
21.-I.C.S.N. Hanching.
21.-C. N. Hupoh.
21.-P. M. Pres. Lincoln.
21.-O. S. K. Soshu Maru.
22.-I.C.S.N. Hopang.
22.-O.S.K. Soshu Maru.
23.-C. N. Nairang.
23.-D. L. Hanching.
23.-C. N. Hupoh.
24.-I.C.S.N. Hopang.
24.-O.S.K. Soshu Maru.
25.-C. N. Nairang.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-I.C.S.N. Kwongang.
Sept. 1.-C. M. Armanestan.

THINGTIAO.

Aug. 22.-I.C.S.N. Hanching.
23.-C. N. Hupoh.
23.-D. L. Hanching.
23.-C. N. Hupoh.
24.-I.C.S.N. Hopang.
24.-O.S.K. Soshu Maru.
25.-C. N. Nairang.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-I.C.S.N. Kwongang.
Sept. 1.-C. M. Armanestan.

TIENTSIN.

Aug. 22.-C. N. Hanching.
23.-I.C.S.N. Chatsang.
23.-C. N. Hupoh.

WEIHAWEI.

Aug. 22.-C. N. Hanching.

CHEFOO.

Aug. 22.-C. N. Hanching.

PAKHOI.

Aug. 23.-I.C.S.N. Leesang.
24.-C. N. Hupoh.

KEELUNG.

Sept. 1.-T.K.K. Taiyo Maru.
Oct. 1.-T.K.K. Shinyo Maru.
Nov. 1.-T.K.K. Shinyo Maru.

HAIPHONG.

Aug. 22.-M. M. Ambise.

HAIPHONG VIA HOIHOW.

Aug. 24.-C. N. Hanching.
25.-I.C.S.N. Hanching.

SAIGON.

Aug. 22.-M. M. Ambise.
23.-I.C.S.N. Chatsang.
Sept. 1.-O. S. K. Soshu Maru.

BANGKOK.

Aug. 22.-C. N. Hanching.
23.-I.C.S.N. Chatsang.
Sept. 1.-O. S. K. Soshu Maru.

SINGAPORE.

Aug. 22.-M. M. Ambise.
23.-O. S. K. Soshu Maru.
23.-C. N. Hupoh.
23.-D. L. Hanching.
23.-C. N. Hupoh.
24.-I.C.S.N. Hopang.
24.-O.S.K. Soshu Maru.
25.-C. N. Nairang.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-I.C.S.N. Kwongang.
Sept. 1.-C. M. Armanestan.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS, ETC.

MANILA.

Aug. 25.-I.C.S.N. Hanching.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-I.C.S.N. Chatsang.
26.-P. M. Gortistan.
26.-C. N. Hupoh.
27.-I.C.S.N. Hopang.
27.-O.S.K. Soshu Maru.
28.-C. N. Nairang.
28.-D. L. Hanching.
28.-D. L. Hanching.
28.-I.C.S.N. Kwongang.
Sept. 1.-C. M. Armanestan.

SANDAKAN.

Sept. 5.-I.C.S.N. Hanching.

JAVA PORTS, ETC.

Aug. 22.-Nanyo Y.K. Borneo Maru.
23.-I.C.S.N. Hanching.
23.-D. L. Hanching.
23.-C. N. Hupoh.
24.-I.C.S.N. Hopang.
24.-O.S.K. Soshu Maru.
25.-C. N. Nairang.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-I.C.S.N. Kwongang.
Sept. 1.-C. M. Armanestan.

INDIAN PORTS, ETC.

Aug. 24.-O.S.K. Koshu Maru.
25.-I.C.S.N. Hanching.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-C. N. Hupoh.
26.-I.C.S.N. Hopang.
26.-O.S.K. Soshu Maru.
27.-C. N. Nairang.
27.-D. L. Hanching.
27.-D. L. Hanching.
27.-I.C.S.N. Kwongang.
Sept. 1.-C. M. Armanestan.

BOMBAY AND COLOMBO.

Aug. 22.-M. M. Ambise.
23.-O. S. K. Soshu Maru.
23.-N.Y.K. Wakasa Maru.
23.-B. I. Jeppore.
23.-H. A. L. Hanching.
23.-P. M. Gortistan.
23.-C. N. Hupoh.
24.-I.C.S.N. Hopang.
24.-O.S.K. Soshu Maru.
25.-C. N. Nairang.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-I.C.S.N. Kwongang.
Sept. 1.-C. M. Armanestan.

AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Sept. 19.-N.Y.K. Tango Maru.
20.-A. O. Hanching.
20.-I.C.S.N. Hopang.
20.-O.S.K. Soshu Maru.
21.-C. N. Nairang.
21.-D. L. Hanching.
21.-D. L. Hanching.
21.-I.C.S.N. Kwongang.
Sept. 1.-C. M. Armanestan.

SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.

Sept. 19.-N.Y.K. Tango Maru.
20.-A. O. Hanching.
20.-I.C.S.N. Hopang.
20.-O.S.K. Soshu Maru.
21.-C. N. Nairang.
21.-D. L. Hanching.
21.-D. L. Hanching.
21.-I.C.S.N. Kwongang.
Sept. 1.-C. M. Armanestan.

JAPAN PORTS.

Aug. 21.-P. M. Pres. Lincoln.
22.-N.Y.K. Soshu Maru.
22.-A. L. Hanching.
22.-I.C.S.N. Hopang.
22.-O.S.K. Soshu Maru.
23.-C. N. Nairang.
23.-D. L. Hanching.
23.-D. L. Hanching.
23.-I.C.S.N. Kwongang.
Sept. 1.-C. M. Armanestan.

HONOLULU.

Aug. 23.-P. M. Pres. Lincoln.
24.-T. K. K. Soshu Maru.
24.-I.C.S.N. Hopang.
24.-O.S.K. Soshu Maru.
25.-C. N. Nairang.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-I.C.S.N. Kwongang.
Sept. 1.-C. M. Armanestan.

AMERICAN PORTS.

VANCOUVER, ETC.

Aug. 22.-O.S.K. Africa Maru.
23.-O.P.S. Empress of Australia.
23.-B. F. Empress of Asia.
23.-N.Y.K. Iyo Maru.
23.-B. F. Tathylbus.
23.-O.P.S. Empress of Canada.
23.-N.Y.K. Shidzuoka Maru.
23.-O.P.S. Empress of Russia.
23.-B. F. Grace Dollar.
23.-C.P.S. Empress of Australia.

VICTORIA.

Aug. 22.-O.S.K. Africa Maru.
23.-B. F. Ixion.
23.-N.Y.K. Iyo Maru.
23.-B. F. Tathylbus.
23.-O.P.S. Empress of Australia.

SEATTLE.

Aug. 22.-O.S.K. Africa Maru.
23.-B. F. Ixion.
23.-N.Y.K. Iyo Maru.
23.-B. F. Tathylbus.
23.-O.P.S. Empress of Australia.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Aug. 23.-P. M. Pres. Lincoln.
24.-T. K. K. Soshu Maru.
24.-I.C.S.N. Hopang.
24.-O.S.K. Soshu Maru.
25.-C. N. Nairang.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-D. L. Hanching.
25.-I.C.S.N. Kwongang.
Sept. 1.-C. M. Armanestan.

PORTLAND.

Sept. 2.-Col. Pac. S. West Eader.
23.-Col. Pac. S. Hannawa.

LOS ANGELES.

Aug. 23.-S. & B. Apus.
Sept. 3.-S. & B. West Ivan.

VALPARAISO.

(Via Japan, Honolulu, San Francisco, San Pedro, Salinas Cruz, Balboa, Callao, Arica & Iquique).
Sept. 15.-T.K.K. Ginyo Maru.
Oct. 9.-T.K.K. Anyo Maru.
Nov. 19.-T.K.K. Seiyu Maru.

NEW YORK.

(Via Panama).
Aug. 25.-A. L. Suruga.
Sept. 12.-O.S.K. Havana Maru.
15.-A. L. (Via Suva).
Aug. 25.-B. F. City of Bagdad.
30.-T.I.O. Victorious.
Sept. 5.-B. F. Titan.
15.-B. F. City of Lincoln.
22.-B. F. Diana Dollar.
Oct. 5.-B. F. Pelus.

BOSTON.

Aug. 25.-B. F. City of Bagdad.
Sept. 5.-B. F. Titan.
15.-B. F. City of Lincoln.
Oct. 22.-D. L. Diana Dollar.

SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

DURBAN AND CAPE TOWN.

(Via Singapore, Buenos Aires, Rio de Janeiro, Santos and Mauritius).
Aug. 22.-O.S.K. Canada Maru.

EUROPEAN PORTS.

BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE.
Sept. 20.-L. T. Persia.

VALENCIA.

Aug. 22.-H. A. L. Emden.

GENOA.

Aug. 22.-H. A. L. Emden.
Sept. 1.-B. F. Persia.
2.-G. L. Persia.
3.-B. F. Persia.
4.-B. F. Persia.
5.-B. F. Persia.
6.-B. F. Persia.
7.-B. F. Persia.
8.-B. F. Persia.
9.-B. F. Persia.
10.-B. F. Persia.
11.-B. F. Persia.
12.-B. F. Persia.
13.-B. F. Persia.
14.-B. F. Persia.
15.-B. F. Persia.
16.-B. F. Persia.
17.-B. F. Persia.
18.-B. F. Persia.
19.-B. F. Persia.
20.-B. F. Persia.

MARSEILLES.

Aug. 21.-B. F. Persia.
22.-B. F. Persia.
23.-B. F. Persia.
24.-B. F. Persia.
25.-B. F. Persia.
26.-B. F. Persia.
27.-B. F. Persia.
28.-B. F. Persia.
29.-B. F. Persia.
30.-B. F. Persia.

ST. NAZAIRE.

Sept. 20.-E. A. India.
Oct. 2.-B. F. Persia.
11.-B. F. Persia.
22.-B. F. Persia.
23.-B. F. Persia.
24.-B. F. Persia.
25.-B. F. Persia.
26.-B. F. Persia.
27.-B. F. Persia.
28.-B. F. Persia.
29.-B. F. Persia.
30.-B. F. Persia.

HAVER.

Aug. 21.-B. F. Persia.
Oct. 2.-B. F. Persia.

LONDON.

Aug. 21.-B. F. Persia.
22.-B. F. Persia.
23.-B. F. Persia.
24.-B. F. Persia.
25.-B. F. Persia.
26.-B. F. Persia.
27.-B. F. Persia.
28.-B. F. Persia.
29.-B. F. Persia.
30.-B. F. Persia.

LIVERPOOL.

Aug. 21.-B. F. Persia.
Sept. 4.-B. F. Persia.
7.-N.Y.K. Bengal Maru.
20.-B. F. Persia.

GLASGOW.

Sept. 4.-B. F. Persia.
7.-N.Y.K. Bengal Maru.
20.-B. F. Persia.

DUNKIRK.

Sept. 20.-E. A. India.
Oct. 3.-E. A. India.
20.-E. A. India.
Nov. 21.-E. A. India.

AMSTERDAM.

Aug. 21.-B. F. Persia.
22.-H.E.A.L. Zosma.
23.-E. A. Persia.
24.-B. F. Persia.
25.-B. F. Persia.
26.-B. F. Persia.
27.-B. F. Persia.
28.-B. F. Persia.
29.-B. F. Persia.
30.-B. F. Persia.

ROTTERDAM.

Aug. 22.-B. F. Persia.
23.-H.E.A.L. Zosma.
24.-E. A. Persia.
25.-B. F. Persia.
26.-B. F. Persia.
27.-B. F. Persia.
28.-B. F. Persia.
29.-B. F. Persia.
30.-B. F. Persia.

NEW ORLEANS.

Aug. 30.-T. I. O. Victorious.
Sept. 20.-O. S. K. Sumatra Maru.

ANTWERP.

Aug. 22.-B. F. Persia.
23.-B. F. Persia.
24.-B. F. Persia.
25.-B. F. Persia.
26.-B. F. Persia.
27.-B. F. Persia.
28.-B. F. Persia.
29.-B. F. Persia.
30.-B. F. Persia.

HAMBURG.

Aug. 22.-B. F. Persia.
23.-B. F. Persia.
24.-B. F. Persia.
25.-B. F. Persia.
26.-B. F. Persia.
27.-B. F. Persia.
28.-B. F. Persia.
29.-B. F. Persia.
30.-B. F. Persia.

BREMEN.

Aug. 21.-H.E.A.L. Zosma.
Sept. 21.-H.E.A.L. Zosma.
Oct. 20.-H.E.A.L. Zosma.
Nov. 20.-H.E.A.L. Zosma.

LATEST SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS.

Lee Sang, (J.M. & Co.) from Haiphong, Hoihow.—C38.
Yuen Sang, (J.M. & Co.) from Manila.—B23.
President Lincoln, (Pacific Mail) from San Francisco, Manila.—Kowloon Wharf.
Prosper, (Fok Tai Cheong) from Saigon.—C39.
Canada Maru, (O.S.K.) from Kobe, Nagasaki.—A3.
Mike Maru, (Lapique) from Crapond.—Kowloon Bay.
Suruga, (Admiral Line) from New York, Shanghai.—Laichikok.
Shani, (B. & S.) from Hongay.—A52.
India, (Man & B'house) from Balikpapan.—Wanchai.
Hanching, (Douglas) from Foochow, Swatow.—Co's Wharf.
Amherst, (On Fat) from Kwong Chow Wan.—Shamsuipo.

DEPARTURES.

Hwah Kun, (Wanglee) for Saigon.—August 20.
Bearport, (St. Berry) for Java, Manila.—August 20.
Shimidzu Maru, (Kimura) for Canton.—August 20.
Hirano Maru, (Suzuki) for Keelung.—August 20.
Soshu Maru, (O.S.K.) for Canton.—August 20.
Apitai, (Wai Hing) for Kwong Chow Wan.—August 20.
Sianglee, (Yee Tai Hong) for Newchwang, Wei Hai Wei.—August 20.
Taio Maru, (N.Y.K.) for Canton.—August 20.
Apoy, (Wo Fat Sing) for Canton.—August 20.
Kan Chow, (B. & S.) for Canton.—August 20.
Soo Chow, (B. & S.) for Tsingtau, Shanghai.—August 20.
Shani, (B. & S.) for Canton.—August 21.
Mentor, (B. & S.) for London, Singapore.—August 21.
Hopang, (J.M. & Co.) for Canton.—August 22.
Haimun, (Po Shun) for Haiphong, Hoihow.—August 22.
Hanching, (Douglas) for Foochow, Swatow.—August 22.

ARE YOU GOING ON A JOURNEY?

Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy should be packed in your hand luggage when going on a journey. Change of water, diet and temperature all tend to produce bowel trouble, and this medicine cannot be secured on board the train or steamship. It may save much suffering and inconvenience if you have it handy. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

WEATHER REPORT.

August 21d. 10h. 53m.—Pressure has increased slightly at all reporting stations, except at the Bonin where it has decreased moderately.
A feeble anticyclone covers Japan. There are indications of a shallow depression over N. Indo China.
Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. today, 0.15 inch. Total since January 1st, 41.14 inches, against an average of 61.95 inches.
Forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon on August 18th, 1922.
1.—Fuzhou Channel: E or variable winds, moderate to light; generally cloudy, showery.
2.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamook: E or variable winds, moderate to light; generally cloudy, showery.
3.—Hankow: W or variable winds, moderate to light; generally cloudy, showery.
4.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan: E or variable winds, moderate to light; generally cloudy, showery.

ROYAL OBSERVATORY, HONGKONG.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

AUGUST 21, 1922.—a.m.

Station.	Hour.	Barometer at Sea Level.	Temperature.	Humidity.	Direction.	Force.	Weather.
Victoria Peak	6	29.94	65	—	—	—	—
Victoria Peak	7	29.92	—	—	—	—	—
Victoria Peak	8	29.92	—	—	—	—	—
Victoria Peak	9	29.92	—	—	—	—	—
Victoria Peak	10	29.92	—	—	—	—	—
Victoria Peak	11	29.92	—	—	—	—	—
Victoria Peak	12	29.92	—	—	—	—	—
Victoria Peak	13	29.92	—	—	—	—	—
Victoria Peak	14	29.92	—	—	—	—	—
Victoria Peak	15	29.92	—	—	—	—	—
Victoria Peak	16	29.92	—	—	—	—	—
Victoria Peak	17	29.92	—	—	—	—	—
Victoria Peak	18	29.92	—	—	—	—	—
Victoria Peak	19	29.92	—	—	—	—	—
Victoria Peak	20	29.92	—	—	—	—	—
Victoria Peak	21	29.92	—	—	—	—	—
Victoria Peak	22	29.92	—	—	—	—	—
Victoria Peak	23	29.92	—	—	—	—	—
Victoria Peak	24	29.92	—	—	—	—	—

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HONGKONG REGISTER.

Barometer	29.63	29.63	29.63
Temperature	85	81	82
Humidity	78	81	83
Direction of Wind	—	—	—
Force of Wind	—	—	—
Weather	—	—	—
Rain	0.24	0.00	0.47

HONGKONG TIME SIGNALS.

The Time Ball on Kowloon Signal Hill is dropped daily at 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. except on Saturdays when it is dropped at 10 a.m. and 1 p.m., and on Sundays and Holidays when it is dropped at 10 a.m.
The Ball is hoisted half mast at the 20th minute and full mast at the 57th minute. Should the ball fail to drop at the correct time it will be lowered at 5 minutes past the hour and the ordinary routine repeated at the following hour, if possible.
Should the Time Ball be out of order the above routine will be carried out with the flag "Z" on the Storm Signal mast.
Time Signals are also given at night by means of three white lamps mounted vertically on the Observatory wireless mast.
From 8.55 to 9.00 p.m. the lamps are extinguished momentarily at the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 2



A Londoner who picked up a wife on the beach at Waikiki.



This man looked after Pershing's charger.



Dr. Harding, the President's father, entertained his son to dinner on July 4 at the family home in Marion. The photographer caught him killing the necessary chicken.



Another applicant for divorce.



The ex-president of China.
A recent photo.



The ex-Emperor of China, now
18 years old.



At the opening of the Hungarian Parliament.

LOCKS AND HARDWARE



HARDWARE AND LOCKS

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